

Alignment of the



Experience Early Learning Skills



with the

Idaho Early Learning Guidelines (2009)

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a research-based continuum of 36 skills that indicate child development and learning. Each skill has up to three measurable learning goals. For each goal, the continuum outlines benchmark levels for children from birth to age eight.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a sequenced progression. Children progress at varying rates based on individual development and needs.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills serves as the basis for the development of these curricular systems:

- Mother Goose Time Curriculum
- Little Goose Toddler Program
- Dance 'n Beats Program
- Experience God
- Experience Play

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is included in the appendix.

Visit http://mothergoosetime.com/all_about/research.php to learn how each Mother Goose Time tool supports developmentally-appropriate practice and child skill development.

Alignment

This document details the alignment of Idaho's Early Learning Guidelines (2009) with the Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills.

A typically developing pre-kindergartener will fall between benchmarks D and F on the Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills for each skill. For more information, reference the full continuum.

For questions or comments about this alignment, contact <u>info@experienceearlylearning.com</u>.

Domain 1: Approaches to Learning and Cognitive Development	
Goal 1: Children show curiosity and interest in learning and experimenting.	25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1c Inquires and predicts: Identifies personal interests and seeks more information.
Become inquisitive; seeking information to build understanding and gaining descriptive vocabulary to seek understanding.	25.2c Observes and experiments: Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways.
understanding.	25.3c Evaluates and infers: Shares discoveries with others
Goal 2: Children are able to generate new ideas, approaches,	1 Self Concept
and activities in daily routines.	1.1c Expresses preference:Expresses likes and dislikes.
Expand personal expression through inventive language and play.	1.2d Takes responsibility:Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.
Goal 3: Children are confident to initiate and complete	1 Self Concept
activities using a variety of approaches.	1.2d Takes responsibility:Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.
Display initiative and confidence interacting in a variety of	3 Social Relationships
social and physical settings.	3.1e Builds positive relationships: Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons.

Goal 4: Children sustain attention to tasks even when faces with challenges and frustration. Use trial and error skills and attention for more complex tasks.	2.2 Maintains attention: Sustains focus for at least five minutes, persisting even if there are problems or distractions. 20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems: Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.
Goal 5: Children demonstrate an expanding ability to develop and carry out plans. Develop schemas for how things work and attempt more complex tasks requiring problem- solving strategies.	20.1 Solves problems: Tries out many possible solutions to a problem. Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem.
Goal 6: Children show ability to change or adapt thought processes, applying previously learned concepts and skills to new situations. Take more risks by extending previous learning to the exploration of new settings, people, and objects.	 20 Logic 20.1e Solves problems: Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem. 25 Scientific Reasoning
Goal 7: Mediated by individual temperament, children learn to understand and appreciate individual style in approaching and interacting with the world.	25.3d Evaluates and infer: Uses past knowledge to explain observed changes. 1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings: Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders.
Display different levels of initiative and confidence in exploring a wider variety of social and physical settings. Can recognize emotional states in themselves and others and problem solve around emotional issues, with adult assistance.	3.3 Cares for and responds to others: Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad. Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults.

Goal 8: Children demonstrate awareness of cause and effect relationships. Are aware of and interested in simple causal relationships. Uses magical thinking.	33.1d Participates in dramatic play: Plays a role in group dramatic play. 3 Social Relationships 3.3d,e Cares for and responds to others: Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad. Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults. 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2a Observes and experiments: Explores cause and effect.
Goal 9: Children use prior relationships, experiences, and knowledge to explain understanding. Connect current behavior and past experience to new situations, relationships, and problem solving.	3 Social Relationships 3.2d,e Cooperates: Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. Asks adult to help solve social problems. Seeks out opportunities to help others. Tries to solve own social problems. 20 Logic 20.1e Solves problems: Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem.
Goal 10: Children show emerging ability to imitate behaviors that they have observed. Use imitation as a foundation for symbolic play and sequencing.	3 Social Relationships 3.2b Cooperates: Mimics actions of others.
Goal 11: Children find multiple solutions to questions, tasks, problems, and challenges, including trial and error. Are increasingly confident in interacting in a variety of social and physical settings as they try new things. Use emerging perspective-taking experiments.	 20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems: Tries out many possible solutions to a problem. Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem. 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2c Observes and experiments: Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways.

Goal 12: Children expand abilities for conjecture, hypothesizing, and guessing. Testing ideas about how things work in a variety of social and physical settings.	25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1e Inquires and predicts: Asks questions or shows curiosity about scientific phenomenon. Predicts a few outcomes.
Goal 13: Children compare, contrast, and evaluate experiences, tasks, and events building on prior knowledge. Are eager to explore a wider variety of people, objects, and situations and can use past experience and observations in novel ways in unfamiliar situations.	25 Scientific Reasoning 25.3d,e Evaluates and infers:Uses past knowledge to explain observed changes. Describes and compares observations of scientific phenomenon.
Goal 14: Children participate in exploratory play.	25 Scientific Reasoning
Explore materials and actions.	25.2 b,c Observes and experiments: Uses senses to explore environment. Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways. 27 Physical Science
	27.1b,e Identifies properties of matter: Reacts to changes in texture, smell, sound or sight. Manipulates matter and observes any physical changes that may occur.
Goal 15: Children participate in pretend or symbolic play.	33 Drama
Use elaborate plots, shared scripts, and multiple sequences and roles, with a mixture of reality and fantasy.	33.1c,e Participates in dramatic play:Uses words, actions and props to pretend. Assigns roles and plays out unscripted or shared scenes in dramatic play.

Goal 16: Children represent experiences and thought through	32 VisualArts
symbolic representation such as movement, drawing, singing/vocalizing, and play.	32.2c,d Expresses through visual arts:Uses materials to create shapes and symbols. Makes choices throughout the artistic process.
Use symbolic expression in arts, communication, and quantity.	30 Music 30.2e Expresses through music: Uses voice or instruments to express feelings or to mimic sound effects.
	14 Emergent Writing
	14.2e Expresses through writing: Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.
	31 Dance and Movement
	31.2c Expresses through dance and movement: Moves in own way to music and rhythm.
Domain 2: Physical Well-Being, Health, and Motor Development	
Goal 17: Children demonstrate strength and coordination of	4 Gross Motor
large motor muscles.	4.1 Builds strength and balance
Coordinate whole body to move in complex ways with strength, agility, and balance.	4.2 Coordinates large movement
Goal 18: Children demonstrate strength and coordination of small	5 Fine Motor
motor muscles.	5.1 Controls small movements
Use fingers and hands for purposeful tasks.	5.2e Uses drawing/writing tools: Uses fingers to grasp and manipulate drawing/writing tools with increasing control.

Goal 19: Children use their senses (sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch) to guide and integrate their interactions.	27 Physical Science 27.1a,b Identifies properties of matter: Uses senses to explore objects in immediate environment. Reacts to changes in texture, smell, sound or sight.
Coordinate motor activities based on sensory input.	27.2b Explores forces and motions: Uses body to push or pull toys.
Goal 20: Children demonstrate the stamina and energy to participate in daily activities. Sustain strength for increased periods of time.	6 Health and Safety 6.1d Makes healthy food and exercise choices: Follows a routine of rest and active play.
Goal 21: Children engage in a variety of physical activities. Participate in a variety of age appropriate movement and physical daily activities.	31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques: Describes and demonstrates multiple ways to move body parts. Moves to the beat of a song. 6 Health and Safety 6.1d Makes healthy food and exercise choices: Follows a routine of rest and active play. 3 Social Relationships 3.1d Builds positive relationships: Joins a group and participates in group play.

Goal 22: Children practice basic personal care routines.	6 Health and Safety
Initiate and carry out personal care routines, with and without assistance.	6.2c, d Practices good hygiene: With help, participates in healthy habits and healthcare routines. Names body parts. Describes the function of basic body parts. Regulates toileting and hand- washing needs. Describes how s/he feels and the location of pain.
Goal 23: Children demonstrate personal health and hygiene skills. Demonstrate independence in personal hygiene skills.	6 Health and Safety 6.2c,d Practices good hygiene: With help, participates in healthy habits and healthcare routines. Names body parts. Describes the function of basic body parts. Regulates toileting and hand- washing needs. Describes how s/he feels and the location of pain.
Goal 24: Children eat a variety of nutritious foods.	6 Health and Safety
Participate in mealtime routines with increasing independence and become more consistent at using utensils to eat and serve self. Eat a variety of foods and learn about food through observation and modeling during mealtimes.	6.1d,e Makes healthy food and exercise choices: Identifies food and serves a portion into bowl or plate. Follows a routine of rest and active play. Identifies food groups and sorts food. Chooses between two appropriate food options or rest options.
Goal 25: Children demonstrate knowledge about and avoid harmful objects and situations. Demonstrate an awareness and understanding of harmful objects and situations and respond, with and without assistance.	6 Health and Safety 6.3d Demonstrates safe practices: Identifies dangerous situations and seeks out help.
Goal 26: Children demonstrate awareness and understanding of safety rules.	6 Health and Safety 6.3c Demonstrates safe practices: Follows simple safety rules.
Follow safety rules, with and without assistance.	

Domain 3: Social and Emotional Development	
Goal 27: Children trust, interact with, and seek assistance	3 Social Relationships
from adults.	3.2d Cooperates: Asks adult to help solve social problems.
Show confidence in seeking assistance from familiar adults.	1 Self Concept
	1.2d Takes responsibility:Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.
Goal 28: Children develop friendships with peers.	3 Social Relationships
Engage in mutual social play that involves cooperation and shared purpose.	3.1 Builds positive relationships:Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons.
Goal 29: Children demonstrate positive negotiation skills.	3 Social Relationships 3.1e Builds positive relationships: Initiates play, conversations and interactions
Solve problems and communicate ideas with a peer, with adult supervision.	with one or more persons.
	8 Communication
	8.1c Communicates idea:Communicates needs, desires and ideas using simple sentences.
Goal 30: Children demonstrate awareness of behavior and its	3 Social Relationships
effects on others. Anticipate the impact of behaviors on others.	3.3d Cares for and responds to others: Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad.
Taracipate the impact of behaviors on others.	1 Self Concept
	1.3d Identifies and manages feelings: Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders.

Goal 31: Children participate positively in group activities. Participate in a group activity in a cooperative manner and	3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships: Joins a group and participates in group play.
sustain play toward a common goal with other children.	3.2d Cooperates: Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. Asks adult to help solve social problems.
Goal 32: Children demonstrate sympathy and empathy.	3 Social Relationships
Recognize and respond to another's emotions and situation.	3.3d, e Cares for and responds to others: Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad. Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults.
Goal 33: Children develop a sense of humor.	8 Communication
Use novel language, sounds, and meanings to initiate interaction with adults and peers. Use physical humor for social purposes.	8.1 Communicates ideas: Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges.
Goal 34: Children adapt to diverse settings.	2 Self Direction
Adjust/transition to new settings and people, with and without adult assistance.	2.3d Transitions and adapts: Anticipates what comes next within a daily routine. Redirects to a new activity with help from caregivers.
Goal 35: Children recognize, appreciate, and respect	21 Families and Communities
similarities and differences in people.	21.3c,d Respects diversity:Identifies physical similarities and differences
Are curious about why they are different or similar to others.	between self and others. Interacts with peers who look, learn, believe or move differently.
	21.2e Explores cultures and traditions: Explains the meaning and importance of their own traditions and customs. Begins to learn about other cultures.

Goal 36: Children perceive themselves as unique individuals.	1 Self Concept
Use strategies to differentiate themselves from others, and to get their needs met.	1.1f Expresses preference: Negotiates to attain personal preference in a situation.
	21 Families and Communities
	21.1d,e Identifies community and family roles:Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies and role-plays familiar community helpers. Identifies roles of self and others and describes the job each may do.
	26 Life Science 26.1d Identifies basic needs:Meets most personal needs independently. Demonstrates an understanding that all people have needs.
Goal 37: Children demonstrate belief in their abilities.	1 Self Concept
Develop sense of competence.	1.2e Takes responsibility: Independently completes a familiar activity and offers to help others with a similar activity.
Goal 38: Children regulate their feelings and impulses.	1 Self Concept
Become increasingly able to control actions, words, and emotions in response to a situation or an adult request, with come adult assistance.	1.3d,e Identifies and manages feelings: Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders. Uses strategies to manage behavior.

Georgia's Pre-K Program Content Standards (2011)

Domain 4: General Knowledge	
Goal 39: Children demonstrate understanding of numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems. Use number words and concepts to explore and manipulate quantity, size, and relationships.	15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals 15.2 Counts to determine quantity 15.3 Understands operations
Goal 40: Children demonstrate understanding of measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measurement (including size, volume, height, weight, length, area, and time). Use geometric modeling and spatial reasoning according to different dimensions.	 19 Measurement 9.1d Estimates and measures: Uses non-standard measurement tools to estimate approximate size or volume. Verifies estimation with help. 19.2e Compares and seriates: Arranges and orders multiple objects by size, length, hue or weight. 17 Spatial Awareness 17.1 Flips and rotates objects
Goal 41: Children demonstrate understanding of patterns, relations, and functions used to organize their world and facilitate problem solving. Sort, classify, and order objects by color, number, size, or shape. Form simple patterns involving color, number, size, and shape.	18.1 Identifies and creates patterns 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts

Goal 42: Children observe, describe, and collect information by exploring the world around them. Call attention to, describe, discuss, and explain observable similarities and differences among objects or events.	25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2c,d Observes and experiment: Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways. Observes and describes actions or changes that occur to familiar objects and people.
Goal 43: Children further engage in exploring and making sense of the natural world by asking questions and making predictions about cause and effect relations that can lead to generalizations. Investigate unfamiliar phenomena and both trial and error (sometimes systematic trials), with assistance.	25.1e Inquires and predicts: Asks questions or shows curiosity about scientific phenomenon. Predicts a few outcomes.
Goal 44: Children differentiate between people, places, activities, and events in the past and present that relate to self, group identity, and a sense of their community. Demonstrate awareness of group membership across family, community, program, and culture as they recognize physical characteristics of self and others within daily activities and routines.	21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles: Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies and role-plays familiar community helpers. 21.2 Explores cultures and traditions: Describes the routines, familiar stories, traditions, foods and celebrations of own family and community. 24 History 24.1d Describes past events:Recalls information and events from the past.
Goal 45: Children demonstrate awareness and understanding of individual fairness, group rights, and responsibilities (democratic ideals) for membership and participation in group activities (successful citizenship). Follow simple rules and limits. Begin to participate cooperatively in organized, culturally acceptable ways with familiar people, objects, settings, and events.	2 Self Direction 2.1d Follows rules and routines: Follows rules and routines. Expresses feelings about fairness.

Goal 46: Children use creative arts to express and represent what they know, think, believe, or feel.	32 Visual Arts
what they know, think, believe, or reci.	32.2 Expresses through visual arts
Uses artistic expression and language to communicate	14 Emergent Writing
emotions and make meaning of experiences.	14.2e Expresses through writing: Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.
Goal 47: Children demonstrate understanding and	30 Music
appreciation of creative arts.	30.1 Develops rhythm and tone
Respond to and create symbolic and representation art, music, dance, and dramatic themes.	30.2 Expresses through music
music, dance, and dramatic themes.	31 Dance and Movement
	31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques
	31.2 Expresses through dance and movement
	32 VisualArts
	32.1 Develops artistic techniques
	32.2 Expresses through visual arts
	33 Drama
	33.1 Participates in dramatic play
	33.2 Uses and creates props

Communication, Language and Literacy

Georgia's Pre-K Program Content Standards (2011)

Domain 5: Communication, Language and Literacy	
Goal 48: Children demonstrate the meaning of language by listening. Understand messages in conversations, directions, music, and stories.	7 Listening Comprehension 7.1 Comprehends spoken language: Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.
Goal 49: Children communicate effectively. Use communication with purpose to convey a message.	8.1c Communicates ideas:Communicates needs, desires and ideas using simple sentences.
Goal 50: Children comprehend and use conventions of social communication. Actively seek and engage in social interactions.	8.1d,e Communicates ideas: Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges. Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges.

Goal 51: Children use receptive vocabulary.	7 Listening Comprehension					
ses responses that demonstrate an increased knowledge f specific concepts. Total 52: Children use expressive vocabulary. se phrases and sentences with functional and descriptive ocabulary. Total 53: Children demonstrate progression in grammar and	7.1 Comprehends spoken language					
of specific concepts.	7.2 Follows verbal directions					
	13 Reading Comprehension					
	13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions: Listens to a story and answers questions about characters and setting. Retells major events of a story in sequence.					
Goal 52: Children use expressive vocabulary.	8 Communication					
Use phrases and sentences with functional and descriptive vocabulary.	8.1d Communicates ideas: Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges.					
	9 Vocabulary					
	9.1d Builds vocabulary: Describes familiar people, places and objects. Seeks additional words for new ways to describe.					
Goal 53: Children demonstrate progression in grammar and	8 Communication					
syntax.	8.2e,f Speaks in sentences: Speaks in simple complete sentences. Uses question words in speech. Speaks audibly. Makes nouns plural by adding /s/. Uses common prepositions.					

Goal 54: Children demonstrate comprehension and meaning in language.	7 Listening Comprehension 7.1 Comprehends spoken language: Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.
Respond verbally and nonverbally to verbal and gestural communication.	
Goal 55: Children use language for a variety of purposes. Follow social conventions to access, gain, and share information.	8 Communication 8.1c Communicates ideas:Communicates needs, desires and ideas using simple sentences.
Goal 56: Children develop phonological awareness. Manipulate phonemes to make new words and to rhyme.	10 Phonological Awareness 10.2e Identifies rhyme and alliteration: Suggests a series of rhyming words when given a word.

Georgia's Pre-K Program Content Standards (2011)

Goal 57: Children demonstrate awareness of letters and symbols. Recognize letters as special symbols to represent spoken language.	12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1c Identifies letters and words: Recognizes the difference between pictures, letters and numbers in print.
Goal 58: Children demonstrate awareness of print concepts. Know that languages and words can be in written form.	11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge:
Goal 59: Children demonstrate comprehension of printed materials and oral stories. Understand information from oral stories, reading books, and pictures	13.1c,d Responds to text: Talks about pictures and ideas in familiar stories. Anticipates what come next in familiar stories. Expresses likes or dislikes within the story. 13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions
Goal 60: Children demonstrate awareness that written materials can be used for a variety of purposes. Uses books and written materials to gain information and enjoyment.	11.1e,f Demonstrates print knowledge:Recognizes common types of text (poem, storybook, fact book). Names author and illustrator. Identifies punctuation. Explains the difference between books that tell stories and those that give information.
Goal 61: Children demonstrate knowledge and use of letters and symbols. Begin to write and draw to communicate language.	 14.1e Writes name, words and sentences: Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling. 14.2d,e Expresses through writing: Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent. Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.

Georgia's Pre-K Program Content Standards (2011)

Goal 62: Children use writing skills and demonstrate knowledge of writing conventions.	14 Emergent Writing 14.1e Writes name, words and sentences: Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling.
Use tools to write and draw with increasing coordination.	14.2d,e Expresses through writing:Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent. Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.
Goal 63: Children use writing for a variety of purposes. Make scribbles, pictures, and symbols with meaning.	5 Fine Motor 5.2d Uses drawing/writing tools: Uses fingers to grasp and manipulate drawing/writing tools with increasing control.
Mano Scribbios, pictares, and symbols with meaning.	 14 Emergent Writing 14.1e Writes name, words and sentences: Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling. 14.2d,e Expresses through writing: Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent. Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.
Goal 64: Children demonstrate competency in home language while acquiring beginning proficiency in English.	34 Approach to Second Language Acquisition 34.1 Participates using target language: uses gestures and words in target language to participate in group interactions.
Demonstrate varying competency in learning English depending on age, onset, and amount of language exposure. Communicates with purpose to convey information, and uses phrases and sentences with more complex vocabulary in home language.	35 Comprehension of Second Language 35.1 Demonstrates comprehension of target language: Responds to simple words and phrases in target language, especially in combination with other cues.
complex vocabulary in nome language.	36 Communication in Second Language 36.1 Uses target language to communicate: Uses cues, gestures and visualizations to communicate. Uses words and memorized phrases in target language to communicate.



ıal children devel	op at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle	r	Preschool Pre · Primary		Pre - Primary		Primary	
Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark	
	1.1 Expresses preference	Responds to name and explores self in mirror.	Repeats actions to obtain similar preferred results.	Expresses likes and dislikes.	When given two to three options, chooses his/her most desired option.	Describes preferences of self and others.	Negotiates to attain personal preference in a situation.	Predicts how self and others might feel in a variety of situations and explains why.	Demonstrates an underst that each person is unique has his/her own thought feelings and preferences	
1 Self Concept	^{1,2} Takes responsibility	Responds as caregiver takes care of his/her needs.	Participates in daily routines or familiar activities.	Asserts a desire to start or end an activity. Asks for help.	Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.	Independently completes a familiar activity and offers to help others with a similar activity.	Takes care of own needs and personal belongings.	Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.	Takes care of self or and while considering the ne the greater group.	
	1.3 Identifies and manages feelings	Calms with support from caretaker.	Shows a range of emotions with facial expressions and gestures. Soothes self.	Experiments and role-plays with a range of emotions.	Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders.	Names some personal feelings and uses strategies to manage behavior.	Identifies and explains personal feelings. Describes appropriate responses.	Anticipates an emotional response that may result from a given situation.	Applies strategies for mo own emotions and beha	
	^{2,1} Follows rules and routines	Reacts to tone of voice and expression.	Cooperates during familiar routines and redirection.	With prompting, follows rules and routines.	Follows rules and routines. Expresses feelings about fairness.	Explores personal limits. Identifies when others are or are not following familiar rules and routines.	Participates in setting, defining and following rules.	Explains why rules and regulations are important and what might happen if they are not followed.	Follows explicit and imp in various situations with reminders.	
2 Self Direction	2.2 Maintains attention	Focuses for a short time when others interact with him/her.	Attends to what others are looking at or pointing to.	Focuses on an engaging activity for a short period of time independently or with an adult.	Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.	Sustains focus for at least five minutes, persisting even if there are problems or distractions.	Sustains focus for at least ten minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for at least thirty minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for forty-fi even if there are distract	
	^{2,3} Transitions and adapts	Reacts to changes in routine.	Responds to cues that signal a change in the daily routine.	Anticipates what comes next within a daily routine. Redirects to a new activity with help from caregivers.	routine is not followed and	With support, negotiates ways to handle non-routine transitions.	Transitions from one activity to the next and helps others through the transition.	Describes strategies to adjust and calm one-self in new or stressful situations.	Adapts to new situations and with minimal stress.	
3 Social	3.1 Builds positive relationships	Connects with caregivers through eye contact and gentle touch.	Greets and stays near familiar people.	Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person.	Joins a group and participates in group play.	Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons.	Begins to describe friendships and other meaningful relationships.	Describes qualities of positive relationships and ways to build them.	Describes different type: relationships such as the family, with friends and teachers.	
Relationships	3.2 Cooperates	Enjoys turn-taking games, such as peek-a-boo.	Mimics actions of others.	Helps or participates in an activity when asked.	Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. Asks adult to help solve social problems.	Seeks out opportunities to help others. Tries to solve own social problems.	Suggests solutions to group problems or challenges.	Fulfills personal roles and responsibilities when working in a group.	Works collaboratively a within a group.	
	3.3 Cares for and responds to others	Reacts to others' behaviors and expressions.	Mimics facial expressions of others.	Demonstrates concern for someone who is sad or upset.	Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad.	Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults.	Identifies feelings of others and responds accordingly.	Shows empathy.	Encourages others to co include or help another	
4 Gross	4.1 Builds strength and balance	Sits independently and pulls self into a standing position.	Walks and climbs.	Runs and balances on a wide beam.	Balances and hops on one foot.	Hops from one foot to the other. Begins to skip.	Skips confidently, gallops and slides side to side.	Leaps. Balances on a variety of objects.	Uses conditioning metho strengthen muscles and endurance.	
Motor	4.2 Coordinates large movements	Kicks or grabs from a seated or laying position.	Carries, drags, kicks and tosses objects.	Throws objects in an intended direction. Catches objects against body.	Throws both overhand and underhand. Catches or kicks moving objects.	Coordinates multiple movements in simple sequences.	Changes direction and speed of movement.	Kicks or strikes moving objects with aim and accuracy. Stops at a boundary.	Coordinates multiple co movements in continuou	
	5.1 Controls small movements	Reaches for objects in sight.	Manipulates objects with purpose, such as feeding self with a spoon.	Opens, closes, twists and pulls objects.	Snips with scissors. Strings large beads.	Follows a straight line when cutting and drawing. Buttons, zips, buckles and laces.	Follows an outline with scissors. Ties shoes and dresses self.	Threads small beads. Stacks small objects.	Beads, grasps and stack of all sizes with speed a accuracy.	
5 Fine Motor	5.2 Uses drawing/ writing tools	Picks up small objects with thumb and pointer finger (pincher grasp).	Purposefully grasps and releases objects. Makes random marks with writing tools.	Holds drawing/writing tools with whole hand and may use whole arm to make intentional marks.	Uses fingers to grasp and manipulate drawing/writing tools with increasing control.	Uses a mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Consistently uses mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Legibly prints letters, numbers, and symbols.	Uses appropriate spacin letters and words. Contro and placement of letters, or details in drawings.	
	6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices	Cries when hungry or tired.	Communicates when hungry, thirsty, or tired.	Anticipates the need to eat, rest and drink.	Identifies food and serves a portion into bowl or plate. Follows a routine of rest and active play.	Identifies food groups and sorts food. Chooses between two appropriate food options or rest options.	Identifies food that is nutritious. Regulates personal needs for nutrition, activity and rest with few reminders.	Explains the importance of nutrition, exercise and rest in maintaining wellness.	Explains how feeling we related to proper nutrition exercise and rest.	
6 Health and Safety	6.2 Practices good hygiene	Receives appropriate healthcare from caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between dirty and clean. Points to body parts when prompted.	With help, participates in healthy habits and healthcare routines. Names body parts.	Describes the function of basic body parts. Regulates toileting and hand-washing needs. Describes how s/he feels and the location of pain.	simple strategies for preventing the spread.	When feeling sick, describes symptoms. Recognizes the difference between contagious illnesses and noncommunicable diseases or conditions.	Describes the functions of basic organs. Maintains personal hygiene with few reminders.	Describes how to deal v concerns of self and oth	
	6.3 Demonstrates safe practices	Expresses distress when needs are not met.	Responds to possible dangers in environment and avoids them when prompted.	Follows simple safety rules.	Identifies dangerous situations and seeks out help.	Describes reasons for safety rules and reminds others to follow them.	Applies general safety rules to a variety of everyday situations with little prompting.	Identifies emergency situations. Describes how to get help and behave during them.	Takes appropriate initia in dangerous and emer situations.	

dividual children develo		1		1				,	t .	mary
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
	7 Listening	^{7,1} Comprehends spoken language	Turns head toward the person speaking and makes gestures and/or vocalizations in response.	When prompted, identifies familiar people or objects.	Responds to simple statements and questions.	Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.	Expands on stories and information shared orally.	Asks and answers general questions about information or stories shared orally.	Asks or answers specific questions about key details from information or stories shared orally.	Listens to gather information. A questions to clarify or deepen understanding. Recalls key idea shared orally.
	Comprehension	7.2 Follows verbal directions	Responds to conversation in environment and imitates actions.	With prompts and gestures, follows a one-step direction.	Follows related two-step directions given verbally.	Follows unrelated two-step directions given verbally.	With prompting, follows multi-step directions given verbally.	Follows multi-step directions given verbally.	Remembers and follows previous rules or directions shared verbally.	Responds to verbal statements that have implied directions or requests.
	8 Commun- ication	8.1 Communicates ideas	Uses vocal sounds and gestures to communicate.	Uses a few words and word-like sounds to communicate.	Communicates needs, desires and ideas using simple sentences.	Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges.	Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges.	Explains thoughts about familiar people, places and events.	Discusses ideas and feelings about a wide range of age- appropriate topics. Stays on topic throughout discussion.	Uses expression, tone and parto reinforce the meaning of which is communicating. Clarif meaning during a discussion.
	ication	8.2 Speaks in sentences	Duplicates single sounds.	Says one- to two-word sentences.	Says two- to four-word sentences and repeats short phrases.	Speaks in sentences but does not always follow grammatical rules.	Speaks in simple complete sentences. Uses question words in speech.	Speaks audibly. Makes nouns plural by adding /s/. Uses common prepositions.	Uses many types of sentences, including simple and compound. Uses verb tense to express past, present and future.	Uses common irregular plural nouns and conjugated verbs.
	9 Vocabulary	9.1 Builds vocabulary	Makes noises and gestures to communicate.	Repeats words heard frequently in environment.	Identifies familiar people, places, and objects. Asks what a specific person or object are called.	Describes familiar people, places and objects. Seeks additional words for new ways to describe.	Includes new and technical words in everyday conversations. Asks what unfamiliar words mean.	Uses new or technical words learned in conversations or through reading. Compares words and their meanings.	Identifies words whose meaning are similar. Determines the meaning of unknown words from context or from root word.	Explains the difference between closely related words. Uses multiple strategies to determinand learn the meaning of unfamiliar words.
	10 Phono-	10.1 Hears small units of sound	Babbles and vocalizes using sound, volume and inflection.	lmitates sounds and tones.	Shows awareness of separate words in spoken language.	Identifies words that have a similar beginning sound.	Identifies the beginning and ending sounds of words.	Counts syllables in spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the sound of each syllable.	Identifies and isolates individual sounds heard in one-syllable words.	Manipulates, substitutes and deletes sounds in words.
ב' מ	logical Awareness	10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration	Hears rhyming songs and games.	Repeats the last word in familiar rhymes when prompted.	Suggests a missing rhyming word within a poem or song.	Identifies when two words rhyme or don't rhyme.	Suggests a series of rhyming words when given a word.	Explains which sound of given word is the rime and which sound is the onset.	Recognizes blends, digraphs, letter patterns and simple word families.	Manipulates syllables in word including prefixes and suffixes
51	11 Concepts of Print		Looks or points to pictures and opens/closes books.	Recognizes if pictures are right- side up. Turns pages from front to back of book.	Identifies the front/back and top/ bottom of a book. Indicates where to start reading on each page.	Identifies letters, words, spaces and some punctuation. Follows the direction of text.	Touches a written word on the page for each spoken word (but not necessarily the correct word). Tracks print from the end of one line to the beginning of the next line.	Recognizes common types of text (poem, storybook, fact book). Names author and illustrator. Identifies punctuation.	Explains the difference between books that tell stories and those that give information.	Describes the overall structure a story, including the introductor problem and conclusion.
B na	12 Letter/Word	12.1 Identifies letters and words	Looks for familiar people and objects when given their names.	Identifies a familiar object or person when shown a drawing or photo.	Recognizes the difference between pictures, letters and numbers in print.	Recognizes some common words in print; such as their his/her name, mom, dad or stop.	Names all upper and lower case letters when presented in random order. When shown a two to three letter word, can find it in print.	Reads high frequency sight words.	Reads and decodes root words with inflectional endings (e.g. ed, ing, s).	Decodes words with common prefixes and suffixes. Uses cor or rereads to determine the meaning of unknown words.
۱	Recognition	122 Makes letter-sound connections	Babbles or repeats sounds.	Points at words printed on a page and pretends to read aloud.	Recognizes the sound of the first letter in his/her name.	Identifies six to seven letters and their sounds.	Identifies twelve to fifteen letters and their sounds. Recognizes that letters make up words.	Identifies all letters and their sounds. Begins to sound out the letters in two to four-letter words.	Recognizes letter patterns, word families, long and short vowel sounds, whole word chunks, digraphs and blends.	Applies phonics strategies and word analysis skills to decode unfamiliar words.
	13 Reading	13.1 Responds to text	Interacts by reaching or patting when a book is read.	Points to pictures and repeats words from familiar stories.	Talks about pictures and ideas in familiar stories.	Anticipates what come next in familiar stories. Expresses likes or dislikes within the story.	Relates to the characters or events of the story and shares a similar experience or object from own life.	With support, compares similarities between two texts.	Makes many text-to-text, -self and -world connections. Compares similarities and differences between two texts.	Evaluates texts based on content, personal experiences and knowledge of the world. Compares the main points of two texts.
Con hen	Compre- hension		Holds book and looks intently at each page.	Answers "Where is?" questions by pointing.	Answers "What?" questions about stories and books. Recalls the name of the main character.	Participates with others in the retelling of a story by pointing at pictures or role- playing with props.	Retells portions of a story. As the story is read, asks and answers simple questions about characters, setting and events.	With prompting, answers questions about characters and setting. Retells major events of a story in sequence.	Retells stories and includes key details. Asks and answers questions about setting, characters and events. Explains who is speaking at various points throughout the story.	Summarizes texts and their messages. Describes the point of view of various characters and how they each respond to challenges or events in the sto
	14 Emergent	14.1 Writes name, words and sentences	Grips a writing utensil and uses it with help.	Makes continuous marks with writing tools.	Writes letter-like forms and creates his/her own symbols.	Attempts to print or copy familiar symbols and letters, especially those that are in own name.	Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling.	Prints first and last name. Prints upper and lower case letters appropriately.	Prints first and last name with proper capitalization. Writes simple sentences. Begins to use traditional spelling.	Writes simple and compound sentences. Uses commas. Che and corrects spelling.
	Writing	14.2 Expresses through writing	Explores writing materials.		Scribbles or draws marks as a representation of an object or person.	Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent.	Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.	Uses inventive spelling to write words that are connected to a given topic or opinion. Draws pictures to support writing.	Writes a string of simple sentences to tell a story or share information. Provides a concluding statement.	Writes ideas or groups inform in logical order. Uses descrip words in writing.

	Skill	Goal	Pre-production	Early Production	Speech Emergence	Intermediate Fluency	Advanced Fluency
9	34 Approach to Second	^{34.1} Participates using target language	Observes interactions in target language, but may not participate.	When prompted, uses gestures and words in target language to participate in group interactions.	Uses target language to actively participate, working around any language barriers.	Initiates interactions in target language, displaying adequate conversational proficiency with minimal language barriers.	Uses target language confidently and comfortably to participate. Begins to display written and academic proficiency for developmental level.
Jage n	Language Acquisition	^{34.2} Demonstrates initiative with target language	Uses cues and gestures to understand interactions in target language.	Asks for repetition of target language to clarify understanding.	Seeks explanations for unknown words and phrases in target language.	Asks questions in target language to clarify meanings of idioms and complex interactions.	Uses context clues and resources to clarify any misunderstandings.
ond Langu cquisitio	35 Compre- hension of Second Language	35.1 Demonstrates comprehension of target language	Responds to cues, such as gestures and visualizations.	Responds to simple words and phrases in target language, especially in combination with other cues.	Responds to simple stories and short discussions in target language.	Responds to stories, jokes and lengthy discussions in target language.	Demonstrates near-native comprehension of target language in all contexts.
Seco	36 Commun- ication in Second Language	^{36,1} Uses target language to communicate	Uses cues, gestures and visualizations to communicate.	Uses words and memorized phrases in target language to communicate.	Formulates sentences by combining familiar words and phrases in target language. May make frequent errors.	Uses increasingly complex linguistic structures in target language with minimal grammatical errors.	Uses target language effectively in all contexts.

Individ	lual children deve	lop at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle	r	Preschool		Pre - Primary	Pr	imary
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
123		15.1 Identifies numerals	Hears numbers in everyday context.	Recognizes the numeral one and sees other numerals around the room.	Recognizes numerals to three.	Identifies numerals to five.	Identifies numerals to ten.	Identifies and writes numerals to twenty.	Identifies numerals to one hundred and understands place value to the hundreds place.	Compares and orders numerals to one thousand, understands place value and identifies if a number is even or odd.
	15 Number Concepts	15.2 Counts to determine quantity	Hears rote counting.	Verbally counts (not always in correct order).	Points to one object at a time while counting (not always in correct order).	Counts up to ten objects.	Counts up to twenty objects.	Counts to one hundred by ones and tens. Counts forward from a given number.	Counts in sequence to 120 from a given number. Uses manipulatives to group and count units.	hundreds to one thousand. Adds and subtracts within twenty.
		15.3 Understands operations	Looks for an object that is taken out of sight.	Demonstrates an understanding of one, two and more.	Creates groups of objects. Adds and removes to group as prompted.	Creates and counts groups of up to five objects. Removes objects from the group as prompted and recounts.	Solves addition and subtraction problems within ten.	Decomposes numbers less than or equal to ten into pairs in more than one way (e.g., 7=3+4, 7=5+2).	Demonstrates an understanding of the meaning of the equal sign and determines if a given addition or subtraction equation is true or false.	Solves for the unknown in one- and two-step addition or subtraction word problems. Explains problem-solving strategies.
ഫ		16.1 Identifies shapes	Manipulates objects that are a variety of shapes.	Matches two identical shapes.	Identifies a few basic shapes.	Identifies four to six basic geometric shapes.	Describes basic and complex two- and three-dimensional shapes using own words.	Describes objects in the environment as two- and three- dimensional shapes.	Describes and draws defining features of shapes.	Identifies and draws complex shapes.
Reasoning	16 Shapes	^{16.2} Manipulates parts and wholes	Tries to put one object inside of another.	Fills container and then dumps out the contents.	Puts together two to three pieces to create a whole object.	Uses a guide to put together six to twelve pieces to make a whole object.	Creates a whole object from many pieces without using a guide.	Creates complex shapes by putting together other shapes. Takes apart complex shapes into simpler shape pieces.	Builds and analyzes complex shapes constructed from simpler shapes. Separates circles and rectangles into two and four equal parts.	Separates a shape into halves, thirds and fourths.
and Re	17 Spatial	^{17.1} Flips and rotates objects	Plays with objects and toys that are a variety of shapes.	Purposely turns or spins objects.	Recognizes familiar objects that are up-side down and turns them right-sight up.	Matches two similar objects that are turned or positioned in different ways.	Identifies and corrects the orientation of familiar objects and symbols.	Identifies two- and three- dimensional shapes and symbols regardless of orientation.	Matches two-dimensional shapes to corresponding three-dimensional shapes. Recognizes symmetry.	Determines when shapes have been slid, turned or flipped and describes the translation.
natics	Awareness	^{17.2} Determines object location	Participates as caregiver raises arms or legs and says up/down.	Follows simple positional directions such as on/off, over/under and up/down.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind self.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind objects not related to self.	Explains the location of an object in relation to another object or person.	Makes simple maps or models to represent the location of objects.	Gives and follows positional instructions to find objects or places.	Uses representations, coordinate systems and maps to identify locations of objects or places.
Mathematics	18 Patterns	18.1 Identifies and creates patterns	Plays predictable activities with caregivers such as patty-cake and peek-a-boo.	Attempts to mimic vocal and physical patterns.	Copies patterns with two steps, such as red-blue, red-blue.	Creates and extends two-step patterns.	Creates and extends three- and four-step patterns and plays complex memory games.	Determines the missing piece of a pattern within a set sequence. Recognizes simple patterns in the environment.	Creates or extends increasing or decreasing patterns.	Develops and explains his/her own formula for creating a variety of patterns.
2	unu sorting	18.2 Matches, sorts and charts	Recognizes familiar people and objects.	When shown one object, finds the match.	Sort objects by one feature, such as size or color.	After sorting objects by one feature, sorts again by a different feature.	Sorts objects by more than one feature and explains why.	Identifies, sorts and classifies objects by at least two features.	Answers questions about data or objects sorted in up to three categories.	Uses graphs and charts to represent data sorted in up to four categories.
	19 Measure-	19.1 Estimates and measures	Recognizes when to use whole hand or just two fingers to pick up an object.	Explores size and weight of objects in relation to self.	Determines which object is bigger (heavier, longer) when given two objects.	Uses non-standard measurement tools to estimate approximate size or volume. Verifies estimation with help.	Estimates (not always logically) size and volume. Measures and describes findings.	Makes logical estimates and uses measurement tools to check estimation.	Explains which measurement tool makes best sense for the object being measured. Tells time in hours and half-hours.	Tells time. Estimates length in inches, feet, centimeters or meters. Measures an object using a variety of measurement standards.
	ment	^{19,2} Compares and seriates	Picks up and puts down objects. Demonstrates an understanding of more.	Places objects in a line. Demonstrates an understanding of more, none and one.	Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, hue or weight.	Orders multiple objects by one feature using process of elimination. Describes order using first, then and last.	Arranges and orders multiple objects by size, length, hue or weight. Recalls a sequence of events.	Orders multiple objects by two or more features. Orders events in time.	Compares the length of two objects by using a third object (the length unit). Orders three objects by length.	Compares and explains how much longer one object is than another using standard units of measurement.
	20 Logic	20.1 Solves problems	Reacts to a problem and seeks a desired outcome.	Experiments with cause and effect.	Recognizes a problem and asks for help.	Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.	Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem.	Mentally eliminates possible solutions to a problem by thinking through their potential results.	Explains the sequence of his/her problem-solving strategy.	Solves hypothetical problems by connecting personal experiences to possible solutions.
		^{21,1} Identifies community and family roles	Responds to primary caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between a familiar and unfamiliar person.	Identifies familiar people and pets.	Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies and role-plays familiar community helpers.	Identifies roles of self and others and describes the job each may do.	Compares roles, rules and responsibilities between different groups.	Describes how roles and responsibilities or families and groups change over time.	Identifies features in rural, urban and suburban communities and how these features impact roles and responsibilities.
	21 Families and Comm- unities	21.2 Explores cultures and traditions	Is exposed to family traditions or cultural events.	With help, participates in family traditions and customs.	Recognizes familiar symbols or artifacts of family traditions or customs.	Describes the routines, familiar stories, traditions, foods and celebrations of own family and community.	Explains the meaning and importance of their own traditions and customs. Begins to learn about other cultures.	Explains the meaning and importance of traditions and customs of other people.	Compares diverse cultures and traditions.	Names influential people and events that have impacted familiar cultures and traditions.
es		21.3 Respects diversity	Sees diverse features of people in books, toys and media.	Explores people and their features side by side in a book or a mirror.	Identifies physical similarities and differences between self and others.	Interacts with peers who look, learn, believe or move differently.	Asks questions about how others live, eat, play and believe.	Explains how individuals, families and cultures differ.	Demonstrates an understanding that some people have different needs or beliefs than self and seeks to support them accordingly.	Demonstrates respect for people who look differently and have differing abilities or traditions.
ıl Studies	22 Civics and	^{22.1} Understands citizenship	Attends to others in immediate environment.	Participates in communal activities.	Recognizes and attends to authority figures.	Follows familiar rules and helps make group decisions.	Applies familiar rules and suggests new rules in a variety of situations.	Discusses the purposes of rules, laws and civic leaders. Participates in voting to make decisions.	Identifies individual rights. Determines if rules support the common good.	Describes different levels of government (local, state, national). Makes democratic decisions.
Social	Economics	²²² Understands concepts of trade	Grasps and releases objects.	Expresses a desire for an object or action. Says me, mine.	Recognizes ownership of familiar objects.	Asks before taking an object that does not belong to self. Offers a toy or object to another person.	Explores the use of trade to receive objects or services.	Exchanges money, goods or services for other goods or services.	Describes ways one might use money, goods or services.	Explains how and why people work together in trade to get what they need and want.
	23 Geography	^{23,1} Identifies types of places	Responds to changes in the immediate environment.	Recognizes familiar places.	Identifies a variety of familiar places, such as the store, car, home or Grandma's.	Identifies different types of water bodies, streets, buildings and landmarks in own community.	Explains the purpose for different types of structures, such as bridges and buildings. Asks questions about landmarks.	Compares the geographic features of own community to another community.	Identifies and describes various types of landforms and natural resources.	Explains how the physical features and characteristics of an environment affect how people live.
		23.2 Uses maps	Navigates within a familiar environment.	Finds ways to move around obstacles in a familiar environment.	Follows a path.	Recognizes symbols and landmarks.	Identifies what is represented on a map. Draws pictures of current location.	Recreates a map of something s/he cannot immediately see.	Locates familiar places on maps. Uses cardinal directions to follow and give directions.	Uses a variety of maps to gather information.
	24 History	24.1 Describes past events	Focuses on interactions with others for a short time.	Observes events and begins to participate.	Describes events as they happen. Uses words such as first, then.	Recalls information and events from the past.	Uses language of time to describe familiar sequences of events.	Retells historical, fictional or past events or stories.	Compares and contrasts current and historical conditions of familiar environments.	Describes relationships between past events and current conditions. Explains why it is important to understand historical events.

		op at a unique pace.		Toddle	:	Preschool		Pre - Primary	FI	imary
S	kill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
		25.1 Inquires and predicts	Looks for a person or toy that has moved out of sight.	Asks one- to two-word questions.	Identifies personal interests and seeks more information.	When given a question, guesses a possible answer or outcome.	Asks questions or shows curiosity about scientific phenomenon. Predicts a few outcomes.	Predicts multiple outcomes to a question or situation and explains personal reasoning.	Inquires about a scientific phenomenon and explains which prediction seems most probable.	Asks relevant questions and makes logical hypotheses ab scientific phenomena based prior knowledge.
2	25 Scientific Reasoning	25.2 Observes and experiments	Explores cause and effect.	Uses senses to explore environment.	Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways.	Observes and describes actions or changes that occur to familiar objects and people.	Explores scientific phenomenon and records observations by drawing.	Gathers information or experiments to prove/disprove a hypothesis.	Experiments or gathers information. Records findings in tables, charts or diagrams.	Conducts an experiment mu times. Records observations makes personal notes.
		25.3 Evaluates and infers	Reacts to changes.	Recognizes objects, actions, sounds or people associated with a common use or routine.	Shares discoveries with others.	Uses past knowledge to explain observed changes.	Describes and compares observations of scientific phenomenon.	Uses information and observations to verify a prediction.	Uses prior knowledge and gathered information to make simple inferences.	Evaluates gathered informat explain a scientific phenome
	26 Life Science	^{26.1} Identifies basic needs	Responds when physical needs are not met.	Participates in taking care of some personal needs, such as feeding self.	Describes basic personal needs.	Meets most personal needs independently. Demonstrates an understanding that all people have needs.	Recognizes that all living things have similar basic needs. Distinguishes between needs and wants.	Describes how living things attain what they need to survive.	Describes how an organism's features and surroundings help it survive.	Describes threats and challe that living things must overo to survive.
	o Lije science	^{26.2} Classifies organisms	Recognizes self as being separate from others.	Identifies and names familiar people, characters and animals.	Groups living things by common characteristics.	Identifies if an object can grow, eat or move.	Sorts organisms as living or non- living and explains why.	Describes the features of living things and groups them by similar features.	Explains the purpose of specific features for various groups of organisms.	Explains the relationships be a variety of species and how they fit within a larger group animals or plants.
	7 Physical	^{27.1} Identifies properties of matter	Uses senses to explore objects in immediate environment.	Reacts to changes in texture, smell, sound or sight.	With support, sorts objects by physical characteristics.	Describes basic physical properties of objects and materials in immediate environment.	Manipulates matter and observes any physical changes that may occur.	Classifies and sorts materials by a variety of physical properties.	Identifies materials that are solid, liquid and gaseous. Identifies matter in its various states.	Describes characteristics of liquids and gases. Explains matter changes states.
	Science	^{27,2} Explores forces and motions	Kicks feet or shakes arms to make other objects move.	Uses body to push or pull toys.	Explores motion by moving, rolling, blowing on or dropping a toy.	Explains how common vehicles, animals and people move. Sorts objects by type of movement.	Experiments with and explains invisible forces (ramps, magnets, etc.).	Experiments and compares the movement of various objects on a variety of surfaces.	Recognizes that gravity makes unsupported objects fall. Identifies objects that are attracted to magnets.	Recognizes that materials move differently on different surfaces. Explains how force used to change the direction moving objects.
2	28 Earth Science	28.1 Identifies weather and climates	Reacts to weather changes in immediate environment.	Understands hot and cold. Points at clouds and explores the feel of rain and wind.	Notices changes in temperature or weather in the immediate environment.	Identifies the climate and weather in the immediate environment.	Explains how weather and climate changes may affect personal life. Identifies the current season.	Explains that different places have different kinds of weather and climates.	Explains the basic properties of the Sun, Moon and Earth. Describes the role of the sun on weather and day/night patterns.	Describes how the Sun and movements of the Earth affeclimate.
		^{28.2} Explores ecosystems	Explores immediate environment using senses.	Plays with rocks, sand, dirt or water. Reacts to animals or insects in immediate environment.	Identifies familiar animals, plants or rocks in immediate environment.	Describes what familiar animals eat and where they live.	Describes a habitat and its characteristics.	Describes how living things interact within a particular environment. Describes personal role in taking care of the environment.	Explains why organisms within a familiar ecosystem are interdependent. Explains how people benefit from or endanger their surrounding ecosystem.	Explores a variety of ecosys and identifies their organism and characteristics. Defines strategies for preserving a v of ecosystems.
2	9 Technology	29.1 Explores technology	Explores simple tools such as toys and spoons.	Begins to use simple tools purposefully, such as using a spoon to feed self.	Explores movable parts on toys and tools. Uses on and off switches.	Explores simple machines and interacts with simple electronic and screen toys.	Experiments with simple technology to solve problems or accomplish tasks.	Uses familiar tools and technology to produce a desired result or solve a specific problem.	Experiments with familiar and unfamiliar tools and technology to achieve a variety of results.	Identifies which tools can be help save time, solve a prob or increase enjoyment.
	0 Music	30.1 Develops rhythm and tone	Responds to sounds.	Responds to changes in sound, rhythm, volume or melody.	Claps to beat (not always consistently). Recognizes the difference between a singing and speaking voice.	Claps along to simple rhythm patterns. Controls voice to mimic the melodic direction.	Repeats simple rhythm patterns. Hears the change of musical phrases in a song. Sings along to familiar songs.	Creates simple rhythm patterns. Controls pitch when singing a familiar song.	Maintains a steady beat. Recognizes strong/weak beats. Begins to read rhythm notation. Matches vocal pitch in limited range.	Maintains rhythm in various groupings, Participates in co response and two part roun
3	o Music	30.2 Expresses through music	Makes sounds to communicate feelings.	Repeats words in familiar songs and attempts to sing.	Expresses likes and dislikes of familiar songs. Explores sounds by shaking, pounding and tapping various instruments and objects.	Uses voice, common objects or instruments to create music. Identifies self as a musician.	Uses voice or instruments to express feelings or to mimic sound effects.	Communicates ideas by creating rhythm and/or melody.	Interprets and compares many types of music.	Experiments and performs s written music or rhythmic po
	1 Dance and	31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques	Moves body in a variety of ways.	Moves body purposely. Sways or bounces to music.	Follows the movements of others. Explores personal space and direction.	Describes and demonstrates multiple ways to move body parts. Moves to the beat of a song.	Follows a leader to perform a simple movement pattern.	Recalls a simple movement pattern and performs it individually or in a group.	Recalls and dances a sequence of 2-3 movement patterns. Identifies the beginning, middle and end of a dance.	Creates simple movement sequences.
	Movement	31.2 Expresses through dance and movement	Uses body language to express feelings.	Uses purposeful gestures and body language to communicate.	Moves in own way to music and rhythm.	Demonstrates different levels of energy in dance (gentle movements or big, exaggerated movements).	Demonstrates the difference between spontaneous and planned movement. Creates movements based on own ideas.	Expresses ideas, feelings and stories through creative movement.	Coordinates movements of self and others to create a cohesive dance or idea.	Describes how dances and movements express certain ideas or feelings.
3	2 Visual Arts	32.1 Develops artistic techniques	Explores materials using gross motor movements and senses.	Uses hands and feet to explore a variety of media.	Explores a variety of artistic tools and media.	Chooses an object or art tool to use with a given medium for a desired effect.	Uses artistic tools and media to create intentional designs or images.	Demonstrates a variety of techniques using a given tool or medium.	Uses various tools and techniques to achieve desired artistic results.	Compares artistic technique creations of many artists.
		32.2 Expresses through visual arts	Expresses emotions while exploring materials.	Scribbles, colors or paints intentionally on paper.	Uses materials to create shapes and symbols.	Makes choices throughout the artistic process.	Plans and seeks out materials to make a creation.	Creates arts to represent an idea or object. Explains how it was made.	Creates art to express ideas, thoughts and feelings.	Creates art and explains wh how s/he chose specific ma and techniques.
,	3 Drama	33.1 Participates in dramatic play	lmitates simple movements and facial expressions.	Mimics observed behaviors and words.	Uses words, actions and props to pretend.	Plays a role in group dramatic play.	Assigns roles and plays out unscripted scenes in dramatic play.	With cues, performs a simple pre- planned drama.	Describes how a character may feel in a given situation, then integrates that emotion into performance.	Rehearses, memorizes and performs a short play.
3	5 Drama	33.2 Uses and creates props	Responds to props or puppets.	Mimics the use of familiar objects.	Uses realistic toys as replacements for real objects. Distinguishes between real and pretend.	Uses any object as a replacement for a realistic prop or real object.	Uses a combination of real and imaginary props or characters to play out a scene.	Creates a setting, characters and events to tell a story.	Plans a story and seeks out props to enhance a role or highlight details.	Plans a story and creates costumes, settings or props create a mood or environm

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