

Alignment of the



Experience Early Learning Skills



with the

Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards: Birth to First Grade (2011)

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a research-based continuum of 36 skills that indicate child development and learning. Each skill has up to three measurable learning goals. For each goal, the continuum outlines benchmark levels for children from birth to age eight.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a sequenced progression. Children progress at varying rates based on individual development and needs.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills serves as the basis for the development of these curricular systems:

- Mother Goose Time
- Experience Baby
- Experience Pre–K
- Experience Play

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is included in the appendix.

Visit <u>http://mothergoosetime.com/all_about/research.php</u> to learn how each Mother Goose Time tool supports developmentally-appropriate practice and child skill development.

Alignment

This document details the alignment of the Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards:Birth to First Grade (2011) with the Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills.

Typically developing infants through first graders will fall between benchmarks A and G on the Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills for each skill. For more information, reference the full continuum.

Additional Learning Goals

The Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards:Birth to First Grade (2011) do not encompass these Experience Early Learning Goals:

- 22.1 Understands citizenship
- 23.1 Identifies types of places

For questions or comments about this alignment, contact info@experienceearlylearning.com.

Work Cited

Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards Steering Committee. (2011). Retrieved from Wisconsin Child Care Information Center website: <u>http://</u> www.collaboratingpartners.com/documents/ WMELSUPDATEELfinal_000.pdf

A. PHYSICAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT	
A.EL. 1a Demonstrates behaviors to meet self-help and physical needs	
SLEEP	
Engages in periods of sleep and wakefulness varying in length and time of day or night.	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
Begins to follow predictable sleeping pattern.	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
Rests for periods throughout the day with assistance of adult.	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
Recognizes physical need for rest/sleep and cares for own needs.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
A.EL.1b Demonstrates behaviors to meet self-help and physical need	
DRESSING	
Depends on adult to care for dressing needs.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
Cooperates with dressing by extending arm or leg.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
Undresses/dresses self with assistance.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
Dresses self with minimal assistance.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility

A.EL.1c Demonstrates behaviors to meet self-help and physical needs	
TOILETING	
Depends on adult to care for diapering needs.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility #6 Health and Safety
	6.2 Practices good hygiene
Seeks assistance with diapering and toileting.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.2 Practices good hygiene
Takes responsibility for toileting.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.2 Practices good hygiene
Takes full responsibility for toileting during day and night.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.2 Practices good hygiene
A.EL.1d Demonstrates behaviors to meet self-help and physical needs	
EATING	
Physically and verbally indicates need for food.	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
	#26 Life Science 26.1 Identifies basic needs
Feeds self with adult assistance.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices

Feeds self with proficiency.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
Uses appropriate table etiquette or manners during mealtimes.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates
	#6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices
A.EL. 2 Demonstrates behaviors to meet safety needs	
Shows preference for parent(s) or primary caregiver.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Shows awareness of new/uncomfortable situations or strangers.	#2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts
	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
	#6 Health and Safety 6.3 Demonstrates safe practices
Shows awareness of danger in harmful situations and begins to recognize simple rules.	#2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines
	#6 Health and Safety 6.3 Demonstrates safe practices
Follows rules with little supervision.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines

A.EL. 3 Demonstrates a healthy life style	
Depends on adult to care for personal hygiene and exercise needs.	 #6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene
Shows awareness of need for personal hygiene and exercise.	 #6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene
Begins to take responsibility for personal hygiene and exercise needs.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	 #6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene
Cares for personal health, hygiene, and exercise needs independently.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	 #6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene
B. MOTOR DEVELOPMENT	
B.EL.1a Moves with strength, control, balance, coordination, locomotion, and endurance	
PURPOSE AND COORDINATION	
Manipulates objects with hands.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
Rolls over.	#4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements
Crawls.	#4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements
Walks and climbs on low objects.	#4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements
Walks up and down stairs with alternating steps.	#4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements

B.EL.1b Moves with strength, control, balance, coordination, locomotion, and endurance	
BALANCE AND STRENGTH	
Sits independently with balance.	#4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance
Stands without support.	#4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance
Squats without falling.	#4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance
Walks, runs, climbs, jumps, skips, and hops with control.	#4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance
Throws objects with strength and control.	#4 Gross Motor4.1 Builds strength and balance4.2 Coordinates large movements
B.EL. 2 Exhibits eye-hand coordination, strength, control, and object manipulation	
Tracks objects visually and focuses on an object or person.	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
Reaches for and grasps objects.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools
Coordinates eyes with hands and uses both hands with intention and purpose.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools
Performs simple fine motor skills and manipulates smaller objects with increasing control.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools
Uses strength and control to perform complex fine motor tasks.	 #5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools

C. SENSORY ORGANIZATION	
C.EL. 1 Uses senses to take in, experience, integrate, and regulate responses to the environment	
Exhibits responses to physical stimuli.	#27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter
Exhibits body awareness and begins to move in intentional fashion.	#4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements
	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
Skills become more refined; acts and moves with increased intention and purpose.	 #4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance 4.2 Coordinates large movements
	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
Anticipates and adjusts behavior efficiently and engages in complex skills and abstract thinking.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention 2.3 Transitions and adapts

A. EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
A.EL. 1 Expresses a wide range of emotions	
Uses facial expressions and body movements to express comfort or discomfort.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
Displays a variety of emotions: interest, pleasure, anger, surprise, anxiety, sadness, joy, excitement, disgust, and disappointment.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
Uses words and gestures to express more complex emotions.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses verbal and nonverbal language to express emotions in appropriate situations such as distress, contentment, surprise, disgust, jealousy, and confusion.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Demonstrates awareness of own emotions and exhibits self-control.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
A.EL. 2 Understands and responds to others' emotions	
Responds to positive emotional interactions with coos and smiles, and shows distress to negative interactions.	#1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
Observes and imitates emotional interactions of others.	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
Associates words and gestures with a variety of emotions expressed by others.	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
Demonstrates empathy by recognizing the feelings of another person and responding appropriately.	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others

Interprets others' behavior and emotions and responds appropriately.	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
B. SELF-CONCEPT	
B.EL. 1 Develops positive self-esteem	
Begins to recognize own abilities; is aware of self and own preferences.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
Demonstrates increasing self-direction, resists adult control, and shows independence.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference 1.2 Takes responsibility
Shows positive self-image. Knows and states independent thoughts.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Exhibits positive self-concept and confidence in his/ her abilities.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference 1.2 Takes responsibility
Displays pride in his/her accomplishments.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference 1.2 Takes responsibility
B.EL. 2 Demonstrates self-awareness	
Displays personal preferences and individual temperament.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings
Becomes aware of ones self as an individual while still connected to others.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
	 #3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
	#21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles

Shows awareness of being part of a family and a larger community.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships 3.2 Cooperates #21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles
Demonstrates awareness of self as a unique individual.	 #1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference #21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles
Identifies self as a member of a specific culture, group or demographic that fits into a larger world picture.	 #1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference #21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles
C. SOCIAL COMPETENCE	
C.EL. 1 Demonstrates attachment, trust, and autonomy	
Becomes calm when needs are met.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
Shows anxiety upon separation from primary caregiver and/or familiar adults.	 #2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts #3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Shows signs of security and trust when separated from familiar adults.	#2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts
Transitions into unfamiliar settings with assistance of familiar adults.	#2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts
Acts independently in unfamiliar settings with unfamiliar adults.	 #1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility #2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts

C.EL. 2 Engages in social interaction and plays with others	
Shows interest in being with others.	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Begins to engage in short play interactions with others.	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Participates in parallel play with others for longer periods of time.	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Participates in cooperative play with others.	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Demonstrates respect for others.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
C.EL. 3 Demonstrates understanding of rules and social expectations	
Tests adults' reactions to his or her behavior and understands what "no" means.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines
Demonstrates understanding of simple rules related primarily to personal health and safety.	#2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines
	 #6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.3 Demonstrates safe practices
Remembers and follows simple group rules and displays appropriate social behavior.	#2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines
	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates

Displays competence at engaging in appropriate social behavior.	 #1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility #2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates
C.EL. 4 Engages in social problem solving behavior and learns to resolve conflict	
Shows awareness of tension and stressful situations.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
Imitates how others solve problems.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates 3.3 Cares for and responds to others #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
Experiments with trial-and-error approaches to solve simple problems and conflicts.	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
Seeks adult assistance to resolve conflicts.	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates
Asserts needs and desires appropriately in conflict situations.	 #1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference 1.2 Takes responsibility 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates

Uses a variety of strategies to resolve conflict.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	 #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems

A. LISTENING AND UNDERSTANDING	
A.EL.1 Derives meaning through listening to communications of others and sounds in the environment	
Turns toward source of sound.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
Attends to same situation or object as another person.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
Enjoys short stories, rhymes, finger plays, songs, and music.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
	#13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Shows understanding of concept words and sequence of events.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
	#24 History 24.1 Describes past events
Demonstrates understanding and listening skills by attending and responding appropriately.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language 7.2 Follows verbal directions
A.EL.2 Listens and responds to communications with others	
Responds to voices and intonation of familiar adults and children.	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
Participates in turn-taking, alternating listening and responding.	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates
	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas

Responds appropriately when asked to identify familiar objects/person/body parts (nouns) or when asked to run, walk, jump (action words, verbs).	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language 7.2 Follows verbal directions
	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
Responds to increasingly complex language structures, including comments, requests and questions.	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
Responds and extends conversations much like adults and can sustain a topic through multiple turns.	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates
	#7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language
	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
A.EL.3 Follows directions of increasing complexity	
Responds to simple requests.	#7 Listening 7.2 Follows verbal directions
Understands and carries out a one step direction.	#7 Listening 7.2 Follows verbal directions
Understands and carries out two-step direction.	#7 Listening 7.2 Follows verbal directions
Follows a series of three or more multi-step directions.	#7 Listening 7.2 Follows verbal directions
B. SPEAKING AND COMMUNICATING	
B.EL.1 Uses gestures and movements (non-verbal) to communicate	
Uses gestures and movements to get attention, request objects, protest, or to draw attention to an object in the environment.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas

Uses gestures for greetings and conversational rituals.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses movement or behavior to initiate interaction with a person, animal, or object.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses non-verbal communication much like adults.	#5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements
	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
B.EL. 2a Uses vocalizations and spoken language to communicate: Language Form (Syntax: rule system for combining words, phrases, and sentences, includes parts of speech, word order, and sentence structure)	
Uses cries, coos, and other noises to communicate.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Makes vowel and consonant sound combinations and engages in vocal play (babbles).	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses one word.	#8 Communication 8.2 Speaks in sentences
Uses two to three word phrases and sentences.	#8 Communication 8.2 Speaks in sentences
Uses: Plurals (cats); Pronouns (I, he, they); Past tense (walked).	#8 Communication 8.2 Speaks in sentences
Uses multi-word sentences (parts of speech, word order, and sentence structure) much like that of an adult.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas 8.2 Speaks in sentences
B.EL. 2b Uses vocalizations and spoken language to communicate: Language Content (Semantics: rule system for establishing meaning of words, individually and in combination)	
Uses a word to represent a particular person or object.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary

Uses words for protests and greetings.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses words to represent various objects.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses a word to relate to itself or something else.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Uses a category of words that shows awareness of common aspects among objects.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas 8.2 Speaks in sentences
Asks many questions with "why" to obtain information.	 #7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Comments on as well as produces and comprehends words.	 #7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas 8.2 Speaks in sentences #9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
B.EL. 2c Uses vocalizations and spoken language to communicate: Language Function (Pragmatics: rules governing the use of language in context)	
Seeks attention through vocalizations or actions.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Directs attention to an object.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Engages in short dialogue of a few turns.	 #7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas

Determines how much information a listener needs based on an awareness of listener's role and understanding.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Modifies language when talking to younger child.	#3 Social Relationships 3.3 Cares for and responds to others #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas
Initiates conversation, responds to conversations, and stays on topic for multiple exchanges.	#3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates #7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language #8 Communication
Uses language to effectively express feelings and thoughts, describe experiences and observations, interact with others, and communicate effectively in group activities and discussions.	 8.1 Communicates ideas #7 Listening 7.1 Comprehends spoken language #8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas 8.2 Speaks in sentences #9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary
C. EARLY LITERACY	
C.EL.1 Develops ability to detect, manipulate, or analyze the auditory parts of spoken language: (This includes the ability to segment oral language into words, syllables, or phonemes independent of meaning.)	
Enjoys and responds to frequently said sounds, words, and rhymes.	#8 Communication 8.1 Communicates ideas #13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Imitates sounds.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound

Repeats words in rhymes and actions.	 #10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
Requests and joins in saying favorite rhymes and songs that repeat sounds and words.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
	#13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Recognizes and matches sounds and rhymes in familiar words.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
Recognizes sounds that match and words that begin or end with the same sounds.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
Recognizes and produces rhyming words.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
Discriminates separate syllables in spoken words and begins to blend and segment syllables.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound
Recognizes single sounds and combinations of sounds.	#10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound
C.EL.2 Understands concept that the alphabet represents the sounds of spoken language and the letters of written language: (This includes utilizing this concept as an emerging reading strategy.)	
Explores, repeats, imitates alphabet related songs and games.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words
Recognizes the difference between letters and other symbols.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words
Recognizes letters and their sounds in familiar words, especially in own name.	 #12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections
Makes some letter/sound connections and identifies some beginning sounds.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections
Uses a combination of letter sounds, familiar environmental print, and picture cues to recognize a printed word.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections

Recognizes that most speech sounds (both consonant s and vowels) are represented by single letter symbols.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections
Experiences success in reading by sounding out words (decoding).	 #12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections
Recognizes and names all letters of the alphabet (upper and lowercase) in familiar and unfamiliar words.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words
Reads familiar decodable and some irregular words in books, signs, and labels.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections
C.EL. 3 Shows appreciation of books and understands how print works	
Explores and enjoys books.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge
	#13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Points to and names pictures in a book when asked.	 #13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text 13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions
Looks at picture books and asks questions or makes comments.	#13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Understands that print in the book carries the message.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge
Views one page at a time from the front to the back of the book and knows that the book has a title, author, and illustrator.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge
Chooses reading activities and responds with interest and enjoyment.	#13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text
Recognizes some familiar environmental print.	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words
Handles books correctly, and shows increasing skills in print directionality.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge

Understands the difference between letters, words, and sentences.	 #11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge #12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1 Identifies letters and words
Understands that books have characters, sequence of events, and story plots.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge
C.EL. 4 Uses writing to represent thoughts or ideas	
Begins to use writing tools to make marks.	 #5 Fine Motor 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools #14 Emergent Writing 14.1 Writes name, words and sentences
Scribbles and creates unconventional shapes.	#14 Emergent Writing 14.2 Expresses through writing
Writes lists, thank you notes, names, and labels objects in play.	#14 Emergent Writing 14.1 Writes name, words and sentences 14.2 Expresses through writing
Labels pictures using scribbles or letter-like forms to represent words or ideas.	#14 Emergent Writing 14.2 Expresses through writing
Writes recognizable letters and begins to write name and a few words.	#14 Emergent Writing 14.1 Writes name, words and sentences
Uses knowledge of sounds and letters to write some words and phrases (inventive and conventional spelling).	#12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.2 Makes letter-sound connections #14 Emergent Writing 14.2 Expresses through writing

Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards:	Developmental Continuum of the
Birth to First Grade (2011)	Experience Early Learning Skills

A. CURIOSITY, ENGAGEMENT, AND PERSISTENCE	
A.EL. 1 Displays curiosity, risk-taking and willingness to engage in new experiences	
Exhibits brief interest in people and things in their surroundings.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference #25 Scientific Reasoning
	25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
Shows growing eagerness and delight in self, others, and in surroundings.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
	#3 Social Relationships 3.1 Builds positive relationships
Attends for longer periods of time and shows preference for some activities.	#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
Is curious about and willing to try new and unfamiliar experiences and activities within their environment.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
A.EL. 2 Engages in meaningful learning through attempting, repeating, experimenting, refining and elaborating on experiences and activities	
Attempts a new skill when encouraged and supported by a safe and secure environment.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
Attempts a new skill in a variety of environments.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts
Repeats an action many times to gain confidence and skill.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention

Experiments and practices to expand skill level.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
Refines skills that have been successfully accomplished.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
A.EL.3 Exhibits persistence and flexibility	
Attends to sights and sounds and persists with (continues in) activity only when supported by adult interaction.	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
Focuses on activity but may be easily distracted.	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
Persists with activity independently until goal is reached.	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
Sets and develops goals and follows through on plans making adjustments as necessary, despite distractions and mishaps.	#1 Self Concept 1.2 Takes responsibility
	#2 Self Direction 2.2 Maintains attention
B. CREATIVITY AND IMAGINATION	
B. EL. 1 Engages in imaginative play and inventive thinking through interactions with people, materials and the environment	
Watches and imitates the actions of others.	 #3 Social Relationships 3.2 Cooperates 3.3 Cares for and responds to others
Uses objects in pretend play as they are used in real life and gradually begins to substitute one object for another in pretend play.	#33 Drama 33.2 Uses and create props
Recreates and acts out real-life and fantasy experiences in pretend play.	#33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play
Engages in elaborate and sustained imaginative play and can distinguish between real- life and fantasy.	#33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play

B. EL. 2 Expresses self creatively through music, movement and art	
Attends to or responds to movement, music and visual stimuli.	#30 Music 30.1 Develops rhythm and tone
	#31 Dance and Movement 31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques
	#32 Visual Arts 32.1 Develops artistic techniques
Shows a preference towards certain types of movement, music, and visual stimuli.	#30 Music 30.2 Expresses through music
	#31 Dance and Movement 31.2 Expresses through dance and movement
	#32 Visual Arts 32.2 Expresses through visual arts
Explores the process of using a variety of artistic materials, music and movement.	#30 Music 30.1 Develops rhythm and tone
	#31 Dance and Movement 31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques
	#32 Visual Arts 32.1 Develops artistic techniques
Expresses self (ideas, feelings and thoughts) through a variety of artistic media, music and movement.	#30 Music 30.2 Expresses through music
	#31 Dance and Movement 31.2 Expresses through dance and movement
	#32 Visual Arts 32.2 Expresses through visual arts
C. DIVERSITY IN LEARNING	
C.EL. 1 Experiences a variety of routines, practices and languages	
Depends on adults to communicate about their routines, cultural preferences and learning styles.	 #21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles 21.2 Explores cultures and traditions

 #2 Self Direction 2.3 Transitions and adapts #21 Families and Communities 21.2 Explores cultures and traditions
#21 Families and Communities 21.2 Explores cultures and traditions
 #21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles 21.2 Explores cultures and traditions #33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play
#21 Families and Communities 21.1 Identifies community and family roles
#21 Families and Communities 21.3 Respects diversity
#1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preference
#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts
#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
#21 Families and Communities 21.3 Respects diversity
#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts

A. EXPLORATION, DISCOVERY AND PROBLEM SOLVING	
A. EL. 1 Uses multi-sensory abilities to process information	
Uses senses to explore the environment.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts
	#27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter 27.2 Explores forces and motions
Uses senses to explore and experiment with new materials.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
	#27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter
Uses senses and a variety of strategies to investigate information.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
	 #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Uses senses to generalize and apply prior learning.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.3 Evaluates and infers
	#27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter
A. EL. 2 Understands new meanings as memory increases	
Observes and imitates sounds and movements.	#30 Music 30.1 Develops rhythm and tone
	#31 Dance and Movement 31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques
Understands that objects and people continue to exist when they are removed from the child's immediate environment. (Object Permanence).	#15 Number Concepts 15.3 Understands operations
Remembers and recalls events.	#24 History 24.1 Describes past events

Recognizes functional uses of items in the environment.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology
Practices and applies new information or vocabulary to an activity or interaction (representation and symbolic thinking).	#9 Vocabulary 9.1 Builds vocabulary #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Generates a rule, strategy, or idea from a previous learning experience and applies to a new context.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.3 Evaluates and infers
A. EL. 3 Applies problem solving skills	
Demonstrates awareness of a problem.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
Uses an object or part of an object to obtain another object and moves around large objects.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology
Asks questions, seeks information and tests out possibilities.	 #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Determines and evaluates solutions.	 #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers

Makes statements and appropriately answers questions that require reasoning about objects, situations, or people.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Uses multiple strategies to solve problems.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
B. MATHEMATICAL THINKING	
B. EL. 1 Demonstrates understanding of numbers and counting	
Explores numbers and imitates counting.	#15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
Arranges sets of objects in one-to-one correspondence.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
Can rote count and counts concrete objects to 5 and beyond.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
Recognizes some numerals and associates number concepts with print materials in a meaningful way.	#15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals
Names and writes some numerals.	#15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals
Counts with 1 to 1 correspondence up to 20 objects and can tell the number that comes next.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
Names and can write number symbols 1 through 20 and beyond.	#15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals
May rote count to 100 and may count to 100 by 5's and 10's.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
B. EL. 2 Understands number operations and relationships	
Compares concrete quantities to determine which has more, less or the same.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity 15.3 Understands operations
Recognizes that a set of objects remains the same amount if physically rearranged.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity

Identifies "1 more" and "1 less"	#15 Number Concepts 15.3 Understands operations
Joins (combines) and separates groups of objects.	#15 Number Concepts 15.3 Understands operations
Recognizes that there are parts that make up a whole and recognizes "less than" a whole.	#15 Number Concepts 15.3 Understands operations
	#16 Shapes 16.2 Manipulates parts and wholes
Estimates and uses words such as more than, less/fewer than, about, near, approximately and in between.	#15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity
	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures
B. EL. 3 Explores, recognizes, and describes shapes and spatial relationships	
Explores shapes and spatial relationships.	#16 Shapes 16.1 Identifies shapes 16.2 Manipulates parts and wholes
	#17 Spatial Awareness 17.1 Flips and rotates objects 17.2 Determines object location
Recognizes basic shapes.	#16 Shapes 16.1 Identifies shapes
Assembles puzzles of at least 15 intersecting pieces (5–10 at age 3; 15 at age 4; 25 at age 5).	#17 Spatial Awareness 17.1 Flips and rotates objects
B. EL. 4 Uses the attributes of objects for comparison and patterning	
Categorizes objects based on physical or functional similarity.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Matches objects.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Sorts and/or describes objects by one or more attributes or characteristics.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Uses positional and comparative words to demonstrate understanding direction and location, e.g., on-top, below, bottom, over, under, above, on, and next to.	#17 Spatial Awareness 17.2 Determines object location

Recognizes, duplicates, extends simple patterns and creates original patterns.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.1 Identifies and creates patterns
Locates which out of 5 objects does not belong in same class or category.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Matches at least 6 items according to class or category.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Matches groups having equal numbers of objects up to 10.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
B. EL. 5 Understands the concept of measurement	
Recognizes objects can be measured by height, length, and weight.	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures
Determines more, less, many, and few.	#19 Measurement 19.2 Compares and seriates
Compares and orders by size.	#19 Measurement 19.2 Compares and seriates
Categorizes and sequences time intervals and uses language associated with time in everyday situations.	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures
	#24 History 24.1 Describes past events
Identifies coins and understands their value.	#22 Civics and Economics 22.2 Understands concepts of trade
Uses tools to explore measuring (non-standard units).	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures
Categorizes, sequences time intervals in everyday situations, and demonstrates an awareness of time related to a clock.	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures
	#24 History 24.1 Describes past events
Explores, compares and describes length, weight or volume using standard measures.	#19 Measurement 19.1 Estimates and measures 19.2 Compares and seriates

B. EL. 6 Collects, describes, and records information using all senses	
Draws and describes pictures of objects and actions from memory.	#32 Visual Arts 32.1 Develops artistic techniques
Describes and records information through a variety of means, including discussion, drawings, maps, graphs, and charts.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
Begins to apply information collected to similar situations by designing own charts or graphs.	#18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2 Matches, sorts and charts
C. SCIENTIFIC THINKING	
C. EL.1 Uses observation to gather information	
Shows awareness of differences in their environment (smell, touch, sight, sound, and taste).	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments
	#27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter
Recognizes and responds to differences in the environment.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Purposefully seeks information through observation to satisfy curiosity or need for answers.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
Discriminates properties of nature, using a variety of senses (part to whole, living/ nonliving, weather, etc.).	 #26 Life Science 26.1 Identifies basic needs 26.2 Classifies organisms #27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter 27.2 Explores forces and motions #28 Earth Science 28.1 Identifies weather and climates 28.2 Explores ecosystems
C. EL.2 Use tools to gather information, compare observed objects, and seek answers to questions through active investigation	
Engages in behavior to investigate consequences; notices cause and effect relationships in daily environment.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments

Works toward an objective, may use tools or others in the environment to obtain the object.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments
	#29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology
Uses buttons/levers to produce desired responses.	#27 Physical Science 27.2 Explores forces and motions
	#29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology
Uses books to look for information.	#11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge
	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
Uses magnifying glass (hand lens), binoculars, and maps for investigation of the environment.	#23 Geography 23.2 Uses maps
	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
	#29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology
Makes comparisons between objects that have been collected or observed.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
C. EL.3 Hypothesizes and makes predictions	
Locates object hidden from view.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts
Creates mental images of objects and people not in immediate environments.	#15 Number Concepts 15.3 Understands operations
Asks questions, seeks information, and tests out possibilities.	#20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems
	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments

Asks simple scientific questions and draws conclusions based on previous experience.	 #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Makes plans for testing hypotheses to prove or disprove predictions.	#25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
C. EL.4 Forms explanations based on trial and error, observations, and explorations	
Identifies and investigates the physical qualities of living and nonliving things.	#26 Life Science 26.1 Identifies basic needs 26.2 Classifies organisms
Explores and formulates conclusions based on observation and past experiences.	 #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Makes reasonable explanations, using data gathered from observation and experiments.	 #20 Logic 20.1 Solves problems #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
Offers and seeks explanations of questions and experiments, using references such as books and computers.	 #11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge #25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments #29 Technology 29.1 Explores technology



Appendix

ividual children d	evelop at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle	r	Preschool		Pre - Primary	Pi	imary
Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
	1.2.3 1.1 Expresses preference	Responds to name and explores self in mirror.	Repeats actions to obtain similar preferred results.	Expresses likes and dislikes.	When given two to three options, chooses his/her most desired option.	Describes preferences of self and others.	Negotiates to attain personal preference in a situation.	Predicts how self and others might feel in a variety of situations and explains why.	Demonstrates an understanding that each person is unique and has his/her own thoughts, feelings and preferences.
1 Self Concer	1.2 Takes responsibility	Responds as caregiver takes care of his/her needs.	Participates in daily routines or familiar activities.	Asserts a desire to start or end an activity. Asks for help.	Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.	Independently completes a familiar activity and offers to help others with a similar activity.	Takes care of own needs and personal belongings.	Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.	Takes care of self or another while considering the needs of the greater group.
	1.3 Identifies and manages feelings	Calms with support from caretaker.	Shows a range of emotions with facial expressions and gestures. Soothes self.	Experiments and role-plays with a range of emotions.	Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders.	Names some personal feelings and uses strategies to manage behavior.	Identifies and explains personal feelings. Describes appropriate responses.	Anticipates an emotional response that may result from a given situation.	Applies strategies for managing own emotions and behaviors.
	2.1 Follows rules and routines	Reacts to tone of voice and expression.	Cooperates during familiar routines and redirection.	With prompting, follows rules and routines.	Follows rules and routines. Expresses feelings about fairness.	Explores personal limits. Identifies when others are or are not following familiar rules and routines.	Participates in setting, defining and following rules.	Explains why rules and regulations are important and what might happen if they are not followed.	Follows explicit and implied rul in various situations with few reminders.
2 Self Direction	2.2 Maintains attention	Focuses for a short time when others interact with him/her.	Attends to what others are looking at or pointing to.	Focuses on an engaging activity for a short period of time independently or with an adult.	Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.	Sustains focus for at least five minutes, persisting even if there are problems or distractions.	Sustains focus for at least ten minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for at least thirty minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for forty-five mine even if there are distractions.
	2.3 Transitions and adapts	Reacts to changes in routine.	Responds to cues that signal a change in the daily routine.	Anticipates what comes next within a daily routine. Redirects to a new activity with help from caregivers.	routine is not followed and	With support, negotiates ways to handle non-routine transitions.	Transitions from one activity to the next and helps others through the transition.	Describes strategies to adjust and calm one-self in new or stressful situations.	Adapts to new situations quickly and with minimal stress.
3 Social Relationsh	^{3.1} Builds positive relationships	Connects with caregivers through eye contact and gentle touch.	Greets and stays near familiar people.	Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person.	Joins a group and participates in group play.	Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons.	Begins to describe friendships and other meaningful relationships.	Describes qualities of positive relationships and ways to build them.	Describes different types of relationships such as those with family, with friends and with teachers.
Relationsh	a.2 Cooperates	Enjoys turn-taking games, such as peek-a-boo.	Mimics actions of others.	Helps or participates in an activity when asked.	Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. Asks adult to help solve social problems.	Seeks out opportunities to help others. Tries to solve own social problems.	Suggests solutions to group problems or challenges.	Fulfills personal roles and responsibilities when working in a group.	Works collaboratively and flexi within a group.
	^{3.3} Cares for and responds to others	Reacts to others' behaviors and expressions.	Mimics facial expressions of others.	Demonstrates concern for someone who is sad or upset.	Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad.	Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults.	Identifies feelings of others and responds accordingly.	Shows empathy.	Encourages others to care for, include or help another person.
A I2	3. ^{4.1} Builds strength and balance	Sits independently and pulls self into a standing position.	Walks and climbs.	Runs and balances on a wide beam.	Balances and hops on one foot.	Hops from one foot to the other. Begins to skip.	Skips confidently, gallops and slides side to side.	Leaps. Balances on a variety of objects.	Uses conditioning methods to strengthen muscles and increas endurance.
Motor	4.2 Coordinates large movements	Kicks or grabs from a seated or laying position.	Carries, drags, kicks and tosses objects.	Throws objects in an intended direction. Catches objects against body.	Throws both overhand and underhand. Catches or kicks moving objects.	Coordinates multiple movements in simple sequences.	Changes direction and speed of movement.	Kicks or strikes moving objects with aim and accuracy. Stops at a boundary.	Coordinates multiple complex movements in continuous play.
5 Fine Motor	5.1 Controls small movements	Reaches for objects in sight.	Manipulates objects with purpose, such as feeding self with a spoon.	Opens, closes, twists and pulls objects.	Snips with scissors. Strings large beads.	Follows a straight line when cutting and drawing. Buttons, zips, buckles and laces.	Follows an outline with scissors. Ties shoes and dresses self.	Threads small beads. Stacks small objects.	Beads, grasps and stacks object of all sizes with speed and accuracy.
5 Fine Moto	s.2 Uses drawing/ writing tools	Picks up small objects with thumb and pointer finger (pincher grasp).	Purposefully grasps and releases objects. Makes random marks with writing tools.	Holds drawing/writing tools with whole hand and may use whole arm to make intentional marks.	Uses fingers to grasp and manipulate drawing/writing tools with increasing control.	Uses a mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Consistently uses mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Legibly prints letters, numbers, and symbols.	Uses appropriate spacing betwee letters and words. Controls the s and placement of letters, number or details in drawings.
	6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices	Cries when hungry or tired.	Communicates when hungry, thirsty, or tired.	Anticipates the need to eat, rest and drink.	Identifies food and serves a portion into bowl or plate. Follows a routine of rest and active play.	Identifies food groups and sorts food. Chooses between two appropriate food options or rest options.	Identifies food that is nutritious. Regulates personal needs for nutrition, activity and rest with few reminders.	Explains the importance of nutrition, exercise and rest in maintaining wellness.	Explains how feeling well is related to proper nutrition, exercise and rest.
6 Health and Safety	42 Practices good hygiene	Receives appropriate healthcare from caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between dirty and clean. Points to body parts when prompted.	With help, participates in healthy habits and healthcare routines. Names body parts.	Describes the function of basic body parts. Regulates toileting and hand-washing needs. Describes how s/he feels and the location of pain.	Explains how germs spread and simple strategies for preventing the spread.	When feeling sick, describes symptoms. Recognizes the difference between contagious illnesses and noncommunicable diseases or conditions.	Describes the functions of basic organs. Maintains personal hygiene with few reminders.	Describes how to deal with her concerns of self and others.
	6.3 Demonstrates safe practices	Expresses distress when needs are not met.	Responds to possible dangers in environment and avoids them when prompted.	Follows simple safety rules.	Identifies dangerous situations and seeks out help.	Describes reasons for safety rules and reminds others to follow them.	Applies general safety rules to a variety of everyday situations with little prompting.	Identifies emergency situations. Describes how to get help and behave during them.	Takes appropriate initiative in dangerous and emergency situations.

Individ	lual children develo	op at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle	r	Preschool		Pre - Primary	Pr	imary
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
Α	123 7 Listening	7.1 Comprehends spoken language	Turns head toward the person speaking and makes gestures and/or vocalizations in response.	When prompted, identifies familiar people or objects.	Responds to simple statements and questions.	Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.	Expands on stories and information shared orally.	Asks and answers general questions about information or stories shared orally.	Asks or answers specific questions about key details from information or stories shared orally.	Listens to gather information. Asks questions to clarify or deepen understanding. Recalls key ideas shared orally.
	Comprehension	7.2 Follows verbal directions	Responds to conversation in environment and imitates actions.	With prompts and gestures, follows a one-step direction.	Follows related two-step directions given verbally.	Follows unrelated two-step directions given verbally.	With prompting, follows multi-step directions given verbally.	Follows multi-step directions given verbally.	Remembers and follows previous rules or directions shared verbally.	Responds to verbal statements that have implied directions or requests.
	8 Commun-	8.1 Communicates ideas	Uses vocal sounds and gestures to communicate.	Uses a few words and word-like sounds to communicate.	Communicates needs, desires and ideas using simple sentences.	Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges.	Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges.	Explains thoughts about familiar people, places and events.	Discusses ideas and feelings about a wide range of age- appropriate topics. Stays on topic throughout discussion.	Uses expression, tone and pacing to reinforce the meaning of what s/he is communicating. Clarifies meaning during a discussion.
	ication	8.2 Speaks in sentences	Duplicates single sounds.	Says one- to two-word sentences.	Says two- to four-word sentences and repeats short phrases.	Speaks in sentences but does not always follow grammatical rules.	Speaks in simple complete sentences. Uses question words in speech.	Speaks audibly. Makes nouns plural by adding /s/. Uses common prepositions.	Uses many types of sentences, including simple and compound. Uses verb tense to express past, present and future.	Uses common irregular plural nouns and conjugated verbs.
	9 Vocabulary	9.1 Builds vocabulary	Makes noises and gestures to communicate.	Repeats words heard frequently in environment.	Identifies familiar people, places, and objects. Asks what a specific person or object are called.	Describes familiar people, places and objects. Seeks additional words for new ways to describe.	Includes new and technical words in everyday conversations. Asks what unfamiliar words mean.	Uses new or technical words learned in conversations or through reading. Compares words and their meanings.	Identifies words whose meaning are similar. Determines the meaning of unknown words from context or from root word.	Explains the difference between closely related words. Uses multiple strategies to determine and learn the meaning of unfamiliar words.
	10 Phono-	10.1 Hears small units of sound	Babbles and vocalizes using sound, volume and inflection.	Imitates sounds and tones.	Shows awareness of separate words in spoken language.	Identifies words that have a similar beginning sound.	Identifies the beginning and ending sounds of words.	Counts syllables in spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the sound of each syllable.	Identifies and isolates individual sounds heard in one-syllable words.	Manipulates, substitutes and deletes sounds in words.
erac	logical Awareness	10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration	Hears rhyming songs and games.	Repeats the last word in familiar rhymes when prompted.	Suggests a missing rhyming word within a poem or song.	Identifies when two words rhyme or don't rhyme.	Suggests a series of rhyming words when given a word.	Explains which sound of given word is the rime and which sound is the onset.	Recognizes blends, digraphs, letter patterns and simple word families.	Manipulates syllables in words, including prefixes and suffixes.
ge and Lit	11 Concepts of Print	11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge	Looks or points to pictures and opens/closes books.	Recognizes if pictures are right- side up. Turns pages from front to back of book.	Identifies the front/back and top/ bottom of a book. Indicates where to start reading on each page.	Identifies letters, words, spaces and some punctuation. Follows the direction of text.	Touches a written word on the page for each spoken word (but not necessarily the correct word). Tracks print from the end of one line to the beginning of the next line.	Recognizes common types of text (poem, storybook, fact book). Names author and illustrator. Identifies punctuation.	Explains the difference between books that tell stories and those that give information.	Describes the overall structure of a story, including the introduction, problem and conclusion.
anguag	12 Letter/Word Recognition	12.1 Identifies letters and words	Looks for familiar people and objects when given their names.	Identifies a familiar object or person when shown a drawing or photo.	Recognizes the difference between pictures, letters and numbers in print.	Recognizes some common words in print; such as their his/her name, mom, dad or stop.	Names all upper and lower case letters when presented in random order. When shown a two to three letter word, can find it in print.	Reads high frequency sight words.	Reads and decodes root words with inflectional endings (e.g. ed, ing, s).	Decodes words with common prefixes and suffixes. Uses context or rereads to determine the meaning of unknown words.
		12.2 Makes letter-sound connections	Babbles or repeats sounds.	Points at words printed on a page and pretends to read aloud.	Recognizes the sound of the first letter in his/her name.	Identifies six to seven letters and their sounds.	Identifies twelve to fifteen letters and their sounds. Recognizes that letters make up words.	Identifies all letters and their sounds. Begins to sound out the letters in two- to four-letter words.	Recognizes letter patterns, word families, long and short vowel sounds, whole word chunks, digraphs and blends.	Applies phonics strategies and word analysis skills to decode unfamiliar words.
	13 Reading	13.1 Responds to text	Interacts by reaching or patting when a book is read.	Points to pictures and repeats words from familiar stories.	Talks about pictures and ideas in familiar stories.	Anticipates what come next in familiar stories. Expresses likes or dislikes within the story.	Relates to the characters or events of the story and shares a similar experience or object from own life.	With support, compares similarities between two texts.	Makes many text-to-text, -self and -world connections. Compares similarities and differences between two texts.	Evaluates texts based on content, personal experiences and knowledge of the world. Compares the main points of two texts.
	Compre- hension	13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions	Holds book and looks intently at each page.	Answers "Where is?" questions by pointing.	Answers "What?" questions about stories and books. Recalls the name of the main character.	Participates with others in the retelling of a story by pointing at pictures or role- playing with props.	Retells portions of a story. As the story is read, asks and answers simple questions about characters, setting and events.	With prompting, answers questions about characters and setting. Retells major events of a story in sequence.	Retells stories and includes key details. Asks and answers questions about setting, characters and events. Explains who is speaking at various points throughout the story.	Summarizes texts and their messages. Describes the points of view of various characters and how they each respond to challenges or events in the story.
	14 Emergent	14.1 Writes name, words and sentences	Grips a writing utensil and uses it with help.	Makes continuous marks with writing tools.	Writes letter-like forms and creates his/her own symbols.	Attempts to print or copy familiar symbols and letters, especially those that are in own name.	Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling.	Prints first and last name. Prints upper and lower case letters appropriately.	Prints first and last name with proper capitalization. Writes simple sentences. Begins to use traditional spelling.	Writes simple and compound sentences. Uses commas. Checks and corrects spelling.
	Writing	142 Expresses through writing	Explores writing materials.	Makes marks or handprints on paper.	Scribbles or draws marks as a representation of an object or person.	Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent.	Uses a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to express and record an event or idea.	Uses inventive spelling to write words that are connected to a given topic or opinion. Draws pictures to support writing.	Writes a string of simple sentences to tell a story or share information. Provides a concluding statement.	Writes ideas or groups information in logical order. Uses descriptive words in writing.

12	Skill Goal Pre-production Early Production		Goal Pre-production Early Production Speech Emergence		Intermediate Fluency	Advanced Fluency	
	34 Approach to Second	^{34.1} Participates using target language	Observes interactions in target language, but may not participate.	When prompted, uses gestures and words in target language to participate in group interactions.	Uses target language to actively participate, working around any language barriers.	Initiates interactions in target language, displaying adequate conversational proficiency with minimal language barriers.	Uses target language confidently and comfortably to participate. Begins to display written and academic proficiency for developmental level.
Jage	Language Acquisition	^{34.2} Demonstrates initiative with target language	Uses cues and gestures to understand interactions in target language.	Asks for repetition of target language to clarify understanding.	Seeks explanations for unknown words and phrases in target language.	Asks questions in target language to clarify meanings of idioms and complex interactions.	Uses context clues and resources to clarify any misunderstandings.
and Langu	015 35 Compre- hension of Second Language	^{35.1} Demonstrates comprehension of target language	Responds to cues, such as gestures and visualizations.	Responds to simple words and phrases in target language, especially in combination with other cues.	Responds to simple stories and short discussions in target language.	Responds to stories, jokes and lengthy discussions in target language.	Demonstrates near-native comprehension of target language in all contexts.
Seco	36 Commun- ication in Second Language	^{36.1} Uses target language to communicate	Uses cues, gestures and visualizations to communicate.	Uses words and memorized phrases in target language to communicate.	Formulates sentences by combining familiar words and phrases in target language. May make frequent errors.	Uses increasingly complex linguistic structures in target language with minimal grammatical errors.	Uses target language effectively in all contexts.

ndividual children devel			Infant	Toddler		Preschool		Pre - Primary	Primary	
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
23	15 Number Concepts	15.1 Identifies numerals	Hears numbers in everyday context.	Recognizes the numeral one and sees other numerals around the room.	Recognizes numerals to three.	Identifies numerals to five.	Identifies numerals to ten.	Identifies and writes numerals to twenty.	Identifies numerals to one hundred and understands place value to the hundreds place.	Compares and orders numerals one thousand, understands place value and identifies if a number even or odd.
		15.2 Counts to determine quantity	Hears rote counting.	Verbally counts (not always in correct order).	Points to one object at a time while counting (not always in correct order).	Counts up to ten objects.	Counts up to twenty objects.	Counts to one hundred by ones and tens. Counts forward from a given number.	Counts in sequence to 120 from a given number. Uses manipulatives to group and count units.	hundreds to one thousand. Adds and subtracts within twenty.
		15.3 Understands operations	Looks for an object that is taken out of sight.	Demonstrates an understanding of one, two and more.	Creates groups of objects. Adds and removes to group as prompted.	Creates and counts groups of up to five objects. Removes objects from the group as prompted and recounts.	Solves addition and subtraction problems within ten.	Decomposes numbers less than or equal to ten into pairs in more than one way (e.g., 7=3+4, 7=5+2).	Demonstrates an understanding of the meaning of the equal sign and determines if a given addition or subtraction equation is true or false.	Solves for the unknown in one- and two-step addition or subtraction word problems. Explains problem-solving strategies.
nu	16 Shapes	16.1 Identifies shapes	Manipulates objects that are a variety of shapes.	Matches two identical shapes.	Identifies a few basic shapes.	Identifies four to six basic geometric shapes.	Describes basic and complex two- and three-dimensional shapes using own words.	Describes objects in the environment as two- and three- dimensional shapes.	Describes and draws defining features of shapes.	Identifies and draws complex shapes.
Mathematics and Reasoning		16.2 Manipulates parts and wholes	Tries to put one object inside of another.	Fills container and then dumps out the contents.	Puts together two to three pieces to create a whole object.	Uses a guide to put together six to twelve pieces to make a whole object.	Creates a whole object from many pieces without using a guide.	Creates complex shapes by putting together other shapes. Takes apart complex shapes into simpler shape pieces.	Builds and analyzes complex shapes constructed from simpler shapes. Separates circles and rectangles into two and four equal parts.	Separates a shape into halves, thirds and fourths.
und Rec	17 Spatial	17.1 Flips and rotates objects	Plays with objects and toys that are a variety of shapes.	Purposely turns or spins objects.	Recognizes familiar objects that are up-side down and turns them right-sight up.	Matches two similar objects that are turned or positioned in different ways.	Identifies and corrects the orientation of familiar objects and symbols.	Identifies two- and three- dimensional shapes and symbols regardless of orientation.	Matches two-dimensional shapes to corresponding three- dimensional shapes. Recognizes symmetry.	Determines when shapes have been slid, turned or flipped and describes the translation.
atics o	Awareness	^{17.2} Determines object location	Participates as caregiver raises arms or legs and says up/down.	Follows simple positional directions such as on/off, over/ under and up/down.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind self.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind objects not related to self.	Explains the location of an object in relation to another object or person.	Makes simple maps or models to represent the location of objects.	Gives and follows positional instructions to find objects or places.	Uses representations, coordinat- systems and maps to identify locations of objects or places.
lathem	18 Patterns and Sorting	18.1 Identifies and creates patterns	Plays predictable activities with caregivers such as patty-cake and peek-a-boo.	Attempts to mimic vocal and physical patterns.	Copies patterns with two steps, such as red-blue, red-blue.	Creates and extends two-step patterns.	Creates and extends three- and four-step patterns and plays complex memory games.	Determines the missing piece of a pattern within a set sequence. Recognizes simple patterns in the environment.	Creates or extends increasing or decreasing patterns.	Develops and explains his/her own formula for creating a varie of patterns.
2		18.2 Matches, sorts and charts	Recognizes familiar people and objects.	When shown one object, finds the match.	Sort objects by one feature, such as size or color.	After sorting objects by one feature, sorts again by a different feature.	Sorts objects by more than one feature and explains why.	Identifies, sorts and classifies objects by at least two features.	Answers questions about data or objects sorted in up to three categories.	Uses graphs and charts to represent data sorted in up to fo categories.
	19 Measure- ment	19.1 Estimates and measures	Recognizes when to use whole hand or just two fingers to pick up an object.	Explores size and weight of objects in relation to self.	Determines which object is bigger (heavier, longer) when given two objects.	Uses non-standard measurement tools to estimate approximate size or volume. Verifies estimation with help.	Estimates (not always logically) size and volume. Measures and describes findings.	Makes logical estimates and uses measurement tools to check estimation.	Explains which measurement tool makes best sense for the object being measured. Tells time in hours and half-hours.	Tells time. Estimates length in inches, feet, centimeters or mete Measures an object using a variety of measurement standard
		19.2 Compares and seriates	Picks up and puts down objects. Demonstrates an understanding of more.	Places objects in a line. Demonstrates an understanding of more, none and one.	Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, hue or weight.	Orders multiple objects by one feature using process of elimination. Describes order using first, then and last.	Arranges and orders multiple objects by size, length, hue or weight. Recalls a sequence of events.	Orders multiple objects by two or more features. Orders events in time.	Compares the length of two objects by using a third object (the length unit). Orders three objects by length.	Compares and explains how much longer one object is than another using standard units of measurement.
A	2) 25 ^{2ic}	20.1 Solves problems	Reacts to a problem and seeks a desired outcome.	Experiments with cause and effect.	Recognizes a problem and asks for help.	Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.	Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem.	Mentally eliminates possible solutions to a problem by thinking through their potential results.	Explains the sequence of his/her problem-solving strategy.	Solves hypothetical problems by connecting personal experience to possible solutions.
3	21 Families and Comm- unities	^{21.1} Identifies community and family roles	Responds to primary caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between a familiar and unfamiliar person.	Identifies familiar people and pets.	Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies and role-plays familiar community helpers.	Identifies roles of self and others and describes the job each may do.	Compares roles, rules and responsibilities between different groups.	Describes how roles and responsibilities or families and groups change over time.	Identifies features in rural, urban and suburban communities and how these features impact roles and responsibilities.
		21.2 Explores cultures and traditions	Is exposed to family traditions or cultural events.	With help, participates in family traditions and customs.	Recognizes familiar symbols or artifacts of family traditions or customs.	Describes the routines, familiar stories, traditions, foods and celebrations of own family and community.	Explains the meaning and importance of their own traditions and customs. Begins to learn abou other cultures.	Explains the meaning and importance of traditions and customs of other people.	Compares diverse cultures and traditions.	Names influential people and events that have impacted famil cultures and traditions.
es		21.3 Respects diversity	Sees diverse features of people in books, toys and media.	Explores people and their features side by side in a book or a mirror.	Identifies physical similarities and differences between self and others.	Interacts with peers who look, learn, believe or move differently.	Asks questions about how others live, eat, play and believe.	Explains how individuals, families and cultures differ.	Demonstrates an understanding that some people have different needs or beliefs than self and seeks to support them accordingly.	Demonstrates respect for people who look differently and have differing abilities or traditions.
ıl Studi	22 Civics and Economics	22.1 Understands citizenship	Attends to others in immediate environment.	Participates in communal activities.	Recognizes and attends to authority figures.	Follows familiar rules and helps make group decisions.	Applies familiar rules and suggests new rules in a variety of situations.	Discusses the purposes of rules, laws and civic leaders. Participates in voting to make decisions.	Identifies individual rights. Determines if rules support the common good.	Describes different levels of government (local, state, national). Makes democratic decisions.
Social		^{22.2} Understands concepts of trade	Grasps and releases objects.	Expresses a desire for an object or action. Says me, mine.	Recognizes ownership of familiar objects.	Asks before taking an object that does not belong to self. Offers a toy or object to another person.	Explores the use of trade to receive objects or services.	Exchanges money, goods or services for other goods or services.	Describes ways one might use money, goods or services.	Explains how and why people work together in trade to get w they need and want.
	23 Geography	23.1 Identifies types of places	Responds to changes in the immediate environment.	Recognizes familiar places.	Identifies a variety of familiar places, such as the store, car, home or Grandma's.	Identifies different types of water bodies, streets, buildings and landmarks in own community.	Explains the purpose for different types of structures, such as bridges and buildings. Asks questions about landmarks.	Compares the geographic features of own community to another community.	Identifies and describes various types of landforms and natural resources.	Explains how the physical features and characteristics of an environment affect how people live.
		23.2 Uses maps	Navigates within a familiar environment.	Finds ways to move around obstacles in a familiar environment.	Follows a path.	Recognizes symbols and landmarks.	Identifies what is represented on a map. Draws pictures of current location.	Recreates a map of something s/he cannot immediately see.	Locates familiar places on maps. Uses cardinal directions to follow and give directions.	Uses a variety of maps to gather information.
	24 History	24.1 Describes past events	Focuses on interactions with others for a short time.	Observes events and begins to participate.	Describes events as they happen. Uses words such as first, then.	Recalls information and events from the past.	Uses language of time to describe familiar sequences of events.	Retells historical, fictional or past events or stories.	Compares and contrasts current and historical conditions of familiar environments.	Describes relationships between past events and current condition Explains why it is important to understand historical events.

Individ	ual children devel	op at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddler	r	Preschool		Pre - Primary	Pr	imary
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H
	25 Scientific Reasoning	25.1 Inquires and predicts	Looks for a person or toy that has moved out of sight.	Asks one- to two-word questions.	Identifies personal interests and seeks more information.	When given a question, guesses a possible answer or outcome.	Asks questions or shows curiosity about scientific phenomenon. Predicts a few outcomes.	Predicts multiple outcomes to a question or situation and explains personal reasoning.	Inquires about a scientific phenomenon and explains which prediction seems most probable.	Asks relevant questions and makes logical hypotheses about scientific phenomena based on prior knowledge.
		25.2 Observes and experiments	Explores cause and effect.	Uses senses to explore environment.	Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways.	Observes and describes actions or changes that occur to familiar objects and people.	Explores scientific phenomenon and records observations by drawing.	Gathers information or experiments to prove/disprove a hypothesis.	Experiments or gathers information. Records findings in tables, charts or diagrams.	Conducts an experiment multiple times. Records observations and makes personal notes.
		25.3 Evaluates and infers		Recognizes objects, actions, sounds or people associated with a common use or routine.	Shares discoveries with others.	Uses past knowledge to explain observed changes.	Describes and compares observations of scientific phenomenon.	Uses information and observations to verify a prediction.	Uses prior knowledge and gathered information to make simple inferences.	Evaluates gathered information to explain a scientific phenomenon.
	26 Life Science	26.1 Identifies basic needs	Responds when physical needs are not met.	Participates in taking care of some personal needs, such as feeding self.	Describes basic personal needs.	Meets most personal needs independently. Demonstrates an understanding that all people have needs.	Recognizes that all living things have similar basic needs. Distinguishes between needs and wants.	Describes how living things attain what they need to survive.	Describes how an organism's features and surroundings help it survive.	Describes threats and challenges that living things must overcome to survive.
Science		26.2 Classifies organisms	Recognizes self as being separate from others.	Identifies and names familiar people, characters and animals.	Groups living things by common characteristics.	ldentifies if an object can grow, eat or move.	Sorts organisms as living or non- living and explains why.	Describes the features of living things and groups them by similar features.	Explains the purpose of specific features for various groups of organisms.	Explains the relationships between a variety of species and how they fit within a larger group of animals or plants.
SC	27 Physical Science	27.1 Identifies properties of matter	Uses senses to explore objects in immediate environment.	Reacts to changes in texture, smell, sound or sight.	With support, sorts objects by physical characteristics.	Describes basic physical properties of objects and materials in immediate environment.	Manipulates matter and observes any physical changes that may occur.	Classifies and sorts materials by a variety of physical properties.	Identifies materials that are solid, liquid and gaseous. Identifies matter in its various states.	Describes characteristics of solids, liquids and gases. Explains how matter changes states.
		27.2 Explores forces and motions	Kicks feet or shakes arms to make other objects move.	Uses body to push or pull toys.	Explores motion by moving, rolling, blowing on or dropping a toy.	Explains how common vehicles, animals and people move. Sorts objects by type of movement.	Experiments with and explains invisible forces (ramps, magnets, etc.).	Experiments and compares the movement of various objects on a variety of surfaces.	Recognizes that gravity makes unsupported objects fall. Identifies objects that are attracted to magnets.	Recognizes that materials move differently on different surfaces. Explains how force is used to change the direction of moving objects.
	28 Earth Science	28.1 Identifies weather and climates	Reacts to weather changes in immediate environment.	Understands hot and cold. Points at clouds and explores the feel of rain and wind.	Notices changes in temperature or weather in the immediate environment.	Identifies the climate and weather in the immediate environment.	Explains how weather and climate changes may affect personal life. Identifies the current season.	Explains that different places have different kinds of weather and climates.	Explains the basic properties of the Sun, Moon and Earth. Describes the role of the sun on weather and day/night patterns.	Describes how the Sun and movements of the Earth affect climate.
		28.2 Explores ecosystems	Explores immediate environment using senses.	Plays with rocks, sand, dirt or water. Reacts to animals or insects in immediate environment.	Identifies familiar animals, plants or rocks in immediate environment.	Describes what familiar animals eat and where they live.	Describes a habitat and its characteristics.	Describes how living things interact within a particular environment. Describes personal role in taking care of the environment.	Explains why organisms within a familiar ecosystem are interdependent. Explains how people benefit from or endanger their surrounding ecosystem.	Explores a variety of ecosystems and identifies their organisms and characteristics. Defines strategies for preserving a variety of ecosystems.
	29 Techno'ogy	* Explores technology	Explores simple tools such as toys and spoons.	Begins to use simple tools purposefully, such as using a spoon to feed self.	Explores movable parts on toys and tools. Uses on and off switches.	Explores simple machines and interacts with simple electronic and screen toys.	Experiments with simple technology to solve problems or accomplish tasks.	Uses familiar tools and technology to produce a desired result or solve a specific problem.	Experiments with familiar and unfamiliar tools and technology to achieve a variety of results.	Identifies which tools can best help save time, solve a problem or increase enjoyment.
\bigcirc	30 Music	30.1 Develops rhythm and tone	Responds to sounds.	Responds to changes in sound, rhythm, volume or melody.	Claps to beat (not always consistently). Recognizes the difference between a singing and speaking voice.	Claps along to simple rhythm patterns. Controls voice to mimic the melodic direction.	Repeats simple rhythm patterns. Hears the change of musical phrases in a song. Sings along to familiar songs.	Creates simple rhythm patterns. Controls pitch when singing a familiar song.	Maintains a steady beat. Recognizes strong/veak beats. Begins to read rhythm notation. Matches vocal pitch in limited range.	Maintains rhythm in various meter groupings, Participates in call and response and two part rounds.
		^{30.2} Expresses through music	Makes sounds to communicate feelings.	Repeats words in familiar songs and attempts to sing.	Expresses likes and dislikes of familiar songs. Explores sounds by shaking, pounding and tapping various instruments and objects.	Uses voice, common objects or instruments to create music. Identifies self as a musician.	Uses voice or instruments to express feelings or to mimic sound effects.	Communicates ideas by creating rhythm and/or melody.	Interprets and compares many types of music.	Experiments and performs self- written music or rhythmic patterns.
pment	31 Dance and Movement	31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques	Moves body in a variety of ways.	Moves body purposely. Sways or bounces to music.	Follows the movements of others. Explores personal space and direction.	Describes and demonstrates multiple ways to move body parts. Moves to the beat of a song.	Follows a leader to perform a simple movement pattern.	Recalls a simple movement pattern and performs it individually or in a group.	Recalls and dances a sequence of 2-3 movement patterns. Identifies the beginning, middle and end of a dance.	Creates simple movement sequences.
Developme		^{31.2} Expresses through dance and movement	Uses body language to express feelings.	Uses purposeful gestures and body language to communicate.	Moves in own way to music and rhythm.	Demonstrates different levels of energy in dance (gentle movements or big, exaggerated movements).	Demonstrates the difference between spontaneous and planned movement. Creates movements based on own ideas.	Expresses ideas, feelings and stories through creative movement.	Coordinates movements of self and others to create a cohesive dance or idea.	Describes how dances and movements express certain ideas or feelings.
Creative	32 Visual Arts	32.1 Develops artistic techniques	Explores materials using gross motor movements and senses.	Uses hands and feet to explore a variety of media.	Explores a variety of artistic tools and media.	Chooses an object or art tool to use with a given medium for a desired effect.	Uses artistic tools and media to create intentional designs or images.	Demonstrates a variety of techniques using a given tool or medium.	Uses various tools and techniques to achieve desired artistic results.	Compares artistic techniques and creations of many artists.
Cre		^{32.2} Expresses through visual arts	Expresses emotions while exploring materials.	Scribbles, colors or paints intentionally on paper.	Uses materials to create shapes and symbols.	Makes choices throughout the artistic process.	Plans and seeks out materials to make a creation.	Creates arts to represent an idea or object. Explains how it was made.	Creates art to express ideas, thoughts and feelings.	Creates art and explains why and how s/he chose specific materials and techniques.
	33 Drama	^{33.1} Participates in dramatic play	lmitates simple movements and facial expressions.	Mimics observed behaviors and words.	Uses words, actions and props to pretend.	Plays a role in group dramatic play.	Assigns roles and plays out unscripted scenes in dramatic play.	With cues, performs a simple pre- planned drama.	Describes how a character may feel in a given situation, then integrates that emotion into performance.	Rehearses, memorizes and performs a short play.
		^{33.2} Uses and creates props	Responds to props or puppets.	Mimics the use of familiar objects.	Uses realistic toys as replacements for real objects. Distinguishes between real and pretend.	Uses any object as a replacement for a realistic prop or real object.	Uses a combination of real and imaginary props or characters to play out a scene.	Creates a setting, characters and events to tell a story.	Plans a story and seeks out props to enhance a role or highlight details.	Plans a story and creates costumes, settings or props to create a mood or environment.

ExperienceEarlyLearning.com

800.523.6933