



Alignment of the

Experience Early Learning Skills

with

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards (2013)

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a research-based continuum of 36 skills that indicate child development and learning. Each skill has up to three measurable learning goals. For each goal, the continuum outlines benchmark levels for children from birth to age eight.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is a sequenced progression. Children progress at varying rates based on individual development and needs.

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills serves as the basis for the development of these curricular systems which are imprints of the Experience Early Learning Company:

- Mother Goose Time
- Experience Baby
- Experience Pre-K
- Experience Play

The Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills is included in the appendix.

Visit http://mothergoosetime.com/all_about/research.php to learn how each Mother Goose Time tool supports developmentally-appropriate practice and child skill development.

Alignment

This document details the alignment of the Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards with the Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills.

In addition to the early learning standards for Wyoming, Mother Goose Time also reinforces the following skills:

- 17.1 Flips and rotates objects
- 22.2 Understands concepts of trade
- 23.2 Uses maps
- 24.1 Describes past events
- 29.1 Explores technology
- 31.1 Develops dance and movement technique

Language

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

I. Language	
A. Listening and Understanding	
The child listens for a variety of purposes.	
1. Demonstrates understanding of language through responses.	Language and Literacy 7 Listening Comprehension 7.1.D Comprehends spoken language. Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.
2. Understands and follows simple and multiple- step directions.	Language and Literacy 7 Listening Comprehension 7.2.E Follows verbal directions. With prompting, follows multi-step directions given verbally.
3. Understands an increasingly complex and varied vocabulary.	Language and Literacy 9 Vocabulary 9.1.E Builds vocabulary. Includes new and technical words in everyday conversations. Asks what unfamiliar words mean.
4. Understands basic language concepts.	Language and Literacy 7 Listening Comprehension 7.1. Comprehends spoken language. 7.2 Follows verbal directions
5. Discriminates among different environmental sounds.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1 Hears small units of sound

6. Understands "who, what, where, when, why" questions.	Language and Literacy 7 Listening Comprehension 7.1.F Comprehends spoken language. Asks or answers general questions about information or stories shared orally.
7. Listens to and engages in conversation with others.	Language and Literacy 8 Communication 8.1.E Communicates ideas. Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges.
8. Progress in listening to and understanding English, (for non-English speaking children).	Second Language Acquisition 34 Approach to Second Language Acquisition 34.1 Participates using target language 34.2 Demonstrates initiative with target language 35 Comprehension of Second Language 35.1 Demonstrates comprehension of target language
B. Speaking and Communication	
The child uses language to communicate for a variety of purposes.	
1. Asks and answers simple questions.	Language and Literacy 8 Communication 8.1.D Communicates ideas. Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges. 7 Listening Comprehension 7.1.F Comprehends spoken language. Asks or answers general questions about information or stories shared orally.

2. Initiates conversation and responds appropriately to discussions with peers and adults.	Language and Literacy 8 Communication 8.1.E,G Communicates ideas. Tells stories and engages in conversations through multiple exchanges. Discusses ideas and feelings about a wide range of age-appropriate topics. Stays on topic throughout discussion.
3. Uses an increasingly complex and varied spoken vocabulary.	Language and Literacy 9 Vocabulary 9.1.E Builds vocabulary. Includes new and technical words in everyday conversations.
4. Demonstrates age-appropriate speech articulation.	Language and Literacy 8 Communication 8.2.E,F Speaks in sentences. Speaks in simple complete sentences. Speaks audibly.
5. Communicates in complete sentences of increasing length and grammatical complexity.	Language and Literacy 8 Communication 8.2.F Speaks in sentences. Uses many types of sentences, including simple and compound. Uses verb tense to express past, present and future.
6. For non-English speaking children, progress is made in speaking English.	Second Language Acquisition 36 Communication in Second Language 36.1 Uses target language to communicate

Literacy

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

II. Literacy	
A. Phonological Awareness	
The child will demonstrate awareness of the different sounds in language.	
1. Recognizes rhymes.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
2. Completes a rhyme.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.2.C Identifies rhyme and alliteration. Suggests a missing rhyming word within a poem or song.
3. Creates strings of words with the same initial sound (alliteration).	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration
4. Distinguishes individual spoken words in sentences.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1.C Hears small units of sound. Shows awareness of separate words in spoken language.
5. Combines syllables to produce spoken words.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1.F,G Hears small units of sound. Counts syllables in spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the sound of each syllable. Identifies and isolates individual sounds heard in one-syllable words.

6. Segments syllables in spoken words.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1.F,G Hears small units of sound. Counts syllables in spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the sound of each syllable. Identifies and isolates individual sounds heard in one-syllable words.
7. Discriminates sounds in spoken language.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1.C Hears small units of sound. Shows awareness of separate words in spoken language.
8. Recognizes onset (initial) sounds of spoken words.	Language and Literacy 10 Phonological Awareness 10.1.D,E Hears small units of sound. Identifies words that have a similar beginning sound. Identifies the beginning and ending sounds of words.
B. Book Knowledge and Appreciation	
The child will demonstrate knowledge and appreciation of books.	
1. Listens to and discusses a variety of stories.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text 13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions
2. Expresses interest in reading-related activities.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.1 Responds to text Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.1.C Expresses preference. Expresses likes an dislikes.

3. Knows how to handle and care for books.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.2.A Retells, asks and answers questions. Holds a book and looks intently at each page. Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.G Takes responsibility. Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.
4. Retells stories with a beginning, middle and end.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.2.F Retells, asks and answers questions. Retells major events of a story in sequence.
5. Predicts what will happen next in a story.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.1.D Responds to text. Anticipates what comes next in familiar stories.
6. Makes connections between self and story.	Language and Literacy 13 Reading Comprehension 13.1.G Responds to text. Makes many text-to-text, -self and -world connections.
C. Print Awareness and Concepts	
The child will demonstrate understanding of print concepts.	
1. Demonstrates awareness of print in various environments.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge

2. Understands the different functions of various forms of print.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1.F,G Demonstrates print knowledge. Recognizes common types of text (poem, storybook, fact book). Explains the difference between books that tell stories and those that give information.
3. Tracks print left to right and top to bottom.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1.C,D,E Demonstrates print knowledge. Identifies the front/back and top/bottom of a book. Indicates where to start reading on each page. Follows the direction of text. Tracks print from the end of one line to the beginning of the next line.
4. Demonstrates understanding that print conveys a message.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge 14 Emergent Writing 14.2 Expresses through writing.
5. Recognizes the association between spoken and written words.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1.E Demonstrates print knowledge. Touches a written word on the page for each spoken word.
6. Recognizes a word as a unit of print.	Language and Literacy 11 Concepts of Print 11.1.D,E Demonstrates print knowledge. Identifies letters, words, spaces and some punctuation Touches a written word on the page for each spoken word.
D. Early Writing	
The child uses writing as a means of expression / communication.	

1. Understands that writing serves a variety of purposes.	Language and Literacy 14 Emergent Writing 14.2.E Expresses through writing. Uses a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to express and record an event or idea.
2. Represents stories and experiences through pictures, dictation and in play.	Language and Literacy 14 Emergent Writing 14.2.E Expresses through writing. Uses a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to express and record an event or idea. Draws pictures to support writing. Writes a string of simple sentences to tell a story or share information.
3. Experiments with a growing variety of writing tools, materials and resources (for children with disabilities, this includes adaptive communication and writing devices).	Language and Literacy 14 Emergent Writing 14.1.A,B Writes names, words and sentences. Grips a writing utensil and uses it with help. Makes continuous marks with writing tools. 14.2.A Expresses through writing. Explores writing materials.
4. Writes familiar words, such as his/her own name.	Language and Literacy 14 Emergent Writing 14.1.D,E Writes names, words and sentences. Attempts to print or copy familiar symbols and letters, especially those that are in own name. Prints first name.
5. Reads own writing.	Language and Literacy 14 Emergent Writing 14.2.D Expresses through writing. Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent.
E. Alphabet Knowledge	
The child demonstrates knowledge of the alphabet.	

1. Associates at least ten letters with their shapes or sounds.	Language and Literacy 12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.2.D,E Makes letter-sound connection. Identifies six to seven letters and their sounds. Identifies twelve to fifteen letters and their sounds.
2. Recognizes beginning letters in familiar words.	Language and Literacy 12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.2.C,D,E Makes letter-sound connection. Recognizes the sound of the first letter in his/her name. Identifies six to seven letters and their sounds. Identifies twelve to fifteen letters and their sounds.
3. Identifies letters out of alphabetical sequence.	Language and Literacy 12 Letter/Word Recognition 12.1.E Identifies letters and words. Names all upper and lower case letters when presented in random order.

Social Emotional Development

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

III. Social Emotional Development	
A. Self Concept	
The child demonstrates a positive sense of self.	
1. Shows ability to separate from family and adjust to new situations.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.3.E Transitions and adapts. With support, negotiates ways to handle non-routine transitions. 3 Social Relationships 3.1.C Builds positive relationships. Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person.
2. Demonstrates appropriate trust in adults who can help (family members, friends, staff) and those who may not.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.1.B,C Builds positive relationships. Greets and stays near familiar people. Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person.
3. Recognizes/expresses own feelings and responds appropriately.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.3.D,F Identifies and manages feelings. Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders. Identifies and explains personal feelings. Describes appropriate responses.

4. Stands up for rights.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.1.D Follows rules and routines. Expresses feelings about fairness. Social Studies 22 Civics and Economics 22.1.G Understands citizenship. Identifies individual rights.
5. Demonstrates confidence in a range of abilities and expresses pride in accomplishments.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.3 Identifies and manages feelings.
6. Demonstrates knowledge of body parts and their functions.	Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.2.C,D Practices good hygiene. Names body parts. Describes the function of basic body parts.
B. Self Control	
The child demonstrates respect for self and others.	
1. Demonstrates self-regulation.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.F Takes responsibility. Takes care of own needs and personal belongings. 1.3.D,E Identifies and manages feelings. Controls impulses. Uses strategies to manage behavior.
2. Demonstrates self-direction and independence.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines 2.2 Maintains attention 2.3 Transitions and adapts 1 Self Concept 1.2.E Takes responsibility. Independently completes a familiar activity and offers to help others with a similar activity.

3. Takes responsibility for own well-being.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.F Takes responsibility. Takes care of own needs and personal belongings. Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.1.F Makes healthy food and exercise choices. Regulates personal needs for nutrition, activity and rest with few reminders. 6.2.G Practices good hygiene. Maintains personal hygiene with few reminders. 6.3.F Demonstrates safe practices. Applies general safety rules to a variety of everyday situations with little prompting.
4. Respects and cares for classroom environment and materials.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.G Takes responsibility. Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.
5. Follows classroom routines and rules.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.1 Follows rules and routines
6. Attends to task long enough to be successful.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.2.D Maintains attention. Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.
C. Pro-Social Behavior	
The child demonstrates pro-social behavior.	

1. Plays well with various children.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.1.C,D,E Builds positive relationships. Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person. Joins a group and participates in group play. Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons. 3.2.D Cooperates. Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share.
2. Develops a sense of friendship.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.1.F Builds positive relationships. Begins to describe friendships and other meaningful relationships.
3. Recognizes the feelings of others and responds appropriately.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.3.F Cares for and responds to others. Identifies feelings of others and responds accordingly.
4. Respects the rights of others and shares.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.2.D Cooperates. Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. 1 Self Concept
	1.2.G Takes responsibility. Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.
5. Engages in problem solving strategies to resolve conflicts.	Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.2.D,E,F Cooperates. Asks adult to help solve social problems. Tries to solve own social problems. Suggests solutions to group problems or challenges.
	Mathematics and Reasoning 20 Logic 20.1.D Solves problems. Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.

D. Knowledge of Families and Community	
The child demonstrates knowledge of families and communities.	
1. Identifies similarities and differences between themselves and others.	Social Studies 21 Families and Communities 21.3.C,G Respects diversity. Identifies physical similarities and differences between self and others. Demonstrates an understanding that some people have different needs or beliefs than self and seeks to support them accordingly.
2. Identifies family composition and personal characteristics including gender, address, phone number and last name.	Social Studies 21 Families and Communities 21.C,D Identifies family and community roles. Identifies familiar people and pets. Describes family members and their relationship to self.
3. Identifies roles and relationships within different family structures and cultures.	Social Studies 21 Families and Communities 21.1.D,E,F Identifies community and family roles. Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies role of self and others and describes the job each may do. Compares roles, rules and responsibilities between different groups. 21.2.F Explores cultures and traditions. Explains how individuals, families and cultures differ.
4. Describes some people's jobs and what is required to perform them.	Social Studies 21 Families and Communities 21.1.D,E Identifies community and family roles. Identifies and role- plays familiar community helpers. Identifies role of self and others and describes the job each may do.

Developmental Continuum of the Experience Early Learning Skills

5. Understands concepts and language of geography in the context of their classroom, home and community.

Social Studies 23 Geography

23.1.C,D Identifies types of places. Identifies a variety of familiar places, such as the store, care, home or Grandma's. Identifies different types of water bodies, streets, buildings and landmarks in own community.

Approaches to Learning

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

IV. Approaches to Learning	
A. Representation and Symbolic Thinking	
The child demonstrates skills in representation and symbolic thinking.	
1. Takes on pretend roles and situations.	Creative Development 33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play
2. Uses objects to represent real items in make believe play.	Creative Development 33 Drama 33.1.C Participates in dramatic play. Uses words, actions and props to pretend. 33.2 Uses and creates props
3. Creates and interprets representations.	Creative Development 33 Drama 33.2.D,E,F Uses and creates props. Uses any object as a replacement for a realistic prop or real object. Uses a combination of real or imaginary props or characters to play out a scene. Creates a setting, characters and events to tell a story.
B. Initiative and Curiosity	
The child demonstrates initiative and curiosity in learning.	

1. Participates in an increasing variety of tasks and activities.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.3.F Transitions and adapts. Transitions from one activity to the next and helps others through the transition.
2. Makes independent choices.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.1.D Expresses preferences. When given two to three options, chooses his/her most desired option.
3. Demonstrates flexibility, imagination and inventiveness.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.3.H Transitions and adapts. Adapts to new situations quickly and with minimal stress. 3 Social Relationships 3.2.H Cooperates. Works collaboratively and flexibly within a group.
4. Demonstrates eagerness and curiosity as a learner, through active exploration.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1.C,E Inquires and predicts. Identifies personal interests and seeks more information. Asks questions or shows curiosity.
5. Is willing to try new things.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.3.E Transitions and adapts. With support, negotiates ways to handle non-routine transitions.
C. Engagement and Persistence	
The child demonstrates ability to engage in and complete age appropriate tasks.	

1. Persists in and completes a variety of tasks.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.2.C,D Maintains attention. Focuses on an engaging activity for a short period of time independently or with an adult. Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.
2. Sets goals. Develops and follows through on plans.	Social and Emotional Development 2 Self Direction 2.2.D Maintains attention. Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.
3. Develops ability to work independently.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.E Takes responsibility. Independently completes a familiar activity. 2 Self Direction 2.2.C Maintains attention. Focuses on an engaging activity for a short period of time independently or with an adult.
D. Engagement and Persistence	
The child demonstrates skills in problem solving.	
1. Finds more than one solution to a problem, task or question.	Mathematics and Reasoning 20 Logic 20.1.D Solves problems. Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.

2. Recognizes and solves problems through trial and error. Interacts with peers and adults.	Mathematics and Reasoning 20 Logic 20.1.D Solves problems. Tries out many possible solutions to a problem. Social and Emotional Development 3 Social Relationships 3.2.E,F Cooperates. Seeks out opportunities to help others. Tries to solve own social problems. Suggests solutions to group problems or
3. Classifies, compares and contrasts objects and events according to their unique attributes.	Mathematics and Reasoning 18 Patterns and Sorting 18.2.E,F Matches, sorts and charts. Sorts objects by more than one feature and explains why. Identifies, sorts and classifies objects by at least two features. 19.2.E,F Compares and seriates. Arranges and orders multiple objects by size, length, hue or weight. Recalls a sequence of events. Orders multiple objects by two or more features. Orders events in time.

Mathematics

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

V. Mathematics	
A. Number and Operations	
The child demonstrates understanding of number concepts.	
1. Uses one-to-one correspondence in counting objects and matching groups of objects.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.2.C Counts to determine quantity. Points to one object at a time while counting.
2. Uses language to compare numbers of objects.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.1.H Identifies numerals. Compares and orders numerals to one thousand. Measurement
	19.2.C Compares and seriates. Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, height or weight.
3. Demonstrates ability to combine, separate and name "how many" concrete objects.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.3.C,D Understands operations. Creates groups of objects. Adds and removes to group as prompted. Creates and counts groups of up to five objects.

4. Associates number concepts, vocabulary, quantities and written numerals in meaningful ways.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.1 Identifies numerals 15.2 Counts to determine quantity 15.3 Understands operations
5. Uses numbers and counting as a means for solving problems and determining quantity.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.2 Counts to determine quantity 15.3.E Understands operations. Solves addition and subtraction problems within ten.
6. Demonstrates ability to count in sequence to ten or beyond.	Mathematics and Reasoning 15 Number Concepts 15.2.D-H Counts to determine quantity. Counts up to ten objects. Counts up to twenty objects. Counts to one hundred by ones and tens. Counts in sequence to 120 from a given number. Counts by fives, tens and hundreds to one thousand.
B. Geometry and Spatial Sense	
The child demonstrates understanding of geometry and spatial sense.	
1. Recognizes, names, describes and compares common shapes, their parts and attributes.	Mathematics and Reasoning 16 Shapes 16.1.C-E,G Identifies shapes. Identifies a few basic shapes. Identifies four to six basic geometric shapes. Describes basic and complex two-and three-dimensional shapes using own words. Describes and draws defining features of shapes.
2. Puts together and takes apart shapes.	Mathematics and Reasoning 16 Shapes 16.2.F Manipulates parts and wholes. Creates complex shapes by putting together other shapes. Takes apart complex shapes into similar shape pieces.

3. Determines whether or not two shapes are the same size and shape.	Mathematics and Reasoning 16 Shapes 16.1.D,E,G Identifies shapes. Identifies four to six basic geometric shapes. Describes basic and complex two- and three-dimensional shapes using own words. Describes and draws defining features of shapes. 19 Measurement 19.2.C Compares and seriates. Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, hue or weight.
4. Matches, sorts, puts in a series and regroups objects according to different attributes.	Mathematics and Reasoning 18 Patterns and Sorting 18.1 Matches, sorts and charts
5. Demonstrates understanding of directionality, order and positions of objects, and positional words.	Mathematics and Reasoning 17 Spatial Awareness 17.2 Determines object location.
C. Patterns and Measurement	
The child demonstrates understanding of patterns and measurements.	
1. Recognizes, duplicates and extends simple patterns.	Mathematics and Reasoning 18 Patterns and Sorting 18.1.C,D Identifies and creates patterns. Copies patterns with two steps, such as red-blue, red-blue. Creates and extends two-step patterns. Creates and extends three- and four-step patterns and plays complex memory games.

2. Makes comparisons between objects.	Mathematics and Reasoning 19 Measurement 19.2.C Compares and seriates. Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, hue or weight.
3. Uses standard and non-standard measures (to determine object size).	Mathematics and Reasoning 19 Measurement 19.1.D,F Estimates and measures. Uses nonstandard measurement tools to estimate approximate size or volume. Makes logical estimates and uses measurement tools to check estimation.

Science

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

VI. Science	
A. Scientific Method	
The child explores scientific methods.	
1. Gathers information, investigates materials and observes processes and relationships.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments
2. Compares and contrasts objects and materials.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.3.E Evaluates and infers. Describes and compares observations of scientific phenomenon.
3. Participates in simple investigations to test observations, discuss and draw conclusions and form generalizations.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2 Observes and experiments 25.3 Evaluates and infers
B. Scientific Skills	
The child demonstrates scientific skills.	

1. Collects, describes and records information through a variety of means, including discussion, drawings, maps and charts.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2.D-G Observes and experiments. Observes and describes actions or changes that occur to familiar objects and people. Explores scientific phenomenon and records observations by drawing. Gathers information or experiments to prove/disprove a hypothesis. Experiments or gathers information. Records findings in tables, charts or diagrams.
2. Makes predictions, explanations and generalizations.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.3 Evaluates and infers
3. Recognizes and solves problems through active exploration.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.2 Observes and experiments
C. Scientific Knowledge	
The child acquires scientific knowledge.	
1. Explores the physical properties of objects and materials in the environment.	Science 27 Physical Science 27.1 Identifies properties of matter 27.2 Explores forces and motions

2. Explores living things, their life cycles and habitats.	Science 26 Life Science 26.1 Identifies basic need 26.2 Classifies organisms 28 Earth Science 28.1 Identifies weather and climates 28.2 Explores ecosystems
3. Demonstrates understanding of properties in the world around them, notices changes and makes predictions.	Science 25 Scientific Reasoning 25.1 Inquires and predicts 25.2.B Observes and experiments. Uses senses to explore the environment.

Physical Health and Development

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

VII. Physical Health and Development	
A. Gross Motor Skills	
The child demonstrates control, balance, strength and coordination in gross motor tasks.	
1. Demonstrates basic loco-motor skills.	Physical Development 4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance (walks, climbs, runs, hops, skips, slides, leaps)
2. Uses outdoor gross motor equipment safely and appropriately.	Physical Development 4 Gross Motor 4.1.G Builds strength and balance. Balances on a variety of objects. 4.2.G Coordinates large movements. Kicks or strikes moving objects with aim and accuracy. Sops at a boundary.
3. Shows balance while moving.	Physical Development 4 Gross Motor 4.1 Builds strength and balance
4. Demonstrates coordination in gross motor activities.	Physical Development 4 Gross Motor 4.2 Coordinates large movements.
5. Demonstrates ball-handling skills.	Physical Development 4 Gross Motor 4.2.C,D Coordinates large movements. Throws objects in an intended direction. Catches objects against body. Throws both overhand and underhand. Catches or kicks moving objects.

6. Engages in adaptive physical activities as appropriate.	Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.1.F Makes healthy food and exercise choices. Regulates personal needs for nutrition, activity and rest with few reminders.
B. Fine Motor Skills	
The child demonstrates coordination and strength in fine motor tasks.	
1. Demonstrates independence in self-help skills.	Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.2.F Takes responsibility. Takes care of own needs and personal belongings.
2. Uses a variety of materials to coordinate eyehand movements.	Physical Development 5 Fine Motor 5.1 Controls small movements (opens, closes, twists, pulls, snips, strings, cuts, buttons, zips, buckles, laces, ties, threads, stacks) 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools
3. Uses tools for writing and drawing.	Physical Development 5 Fine Motor 5.2 Uses drawing/writing tools
4. Cuts with scissors.	Physical Development 5 Fine Motor 5.1.D Controls small movements. Snips with scissors.
C. Health Practices	
The child demonstrates positive health and safety practices.	

1. Demonstrates independence in personal care and self-help skills.	Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene 6.3 Demonstrates safe practices
2. Follows basic health and safety guidelines.	Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices 6.2 Practices good hygiene 6.3 Demonstrates safe practices
3. Participates actively in games, outdoor play and other forms of exercise to enhance physical fitness.	Physical Development 6 Health and Safety 6.1.D Makes healthy food and exercise choices. Follows a routine of rest and active play.

Creative Arts

Wyoming Early Childhood Readiness Standards

VIII. Creative Arts	
The child will use a variety of art forms as a vehicle for creative expression.	
A. Music and Movement	
1. Expresses self through movement and dancing.	Creative Development 31 Dance and Movement 31.2 Expresses through dance and movement
2. Responds to different patterns of beat and rhythm in music.	Creative Development 30 Music 30.1.B-E Develops rhythm and tone. Responds to changes in sound, rhythm, volume or melody. Claps to beat. Claps along to simple rhythm patterns. Repeats simple rhythm patterns.
3. Participates with increasing interest and enjoyment in a variety of musical activities.	Creative Development 30 Music 30.1 Develops rhythm and tone 30.2 Expresses through music Social and Emotional Development 1 Self Concept 1.1 Expresses preferences
B. Art	

1. Experiments with a variety of musical instruments.	Creative Development 30 Music 30.2.C,D,E Expresses through music. Explores sounds by shaking, pounding and tapping various instruments and objects. Uses voice and common objects or instruments to create music. Uses voice or instruments to express feelings or to mimic sound effects.
2. Progresses in ability to create representations that are more detailed, creative or realistic.	Creative Development 32 Visual Arts 32.1.E Develops artistic techniques. Uses artistic tools and media to create intentional designs or images. 32.2.F Expresses through visual arts. Creates art to represent an idea or object.
3. Experiments with a variety of art media.	Creative Development 32 Visual Arts 32.1.C Develops artistic techniques. Explores a variety of artistic tools and media.
C. Dramatic Play	
1. Participates in a variety of dramatic play activities.	Creative Development 33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play.
2. Shows creativity and imagination in play.	Creative Development 33 Drama 33.1 Participates in dramatic play. 33.2 Uses and creates props.



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Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark I	
	1.1 Expresses preference	Responds to name and explores self in mirror.	Repeats actions to obtain similar preferred results.	Expresses likes and dislikes.	When given two to three options, chooses his/her most desired option.	Describes preferences of self and others.	Negotiates to attain personal preference in a situation.	Predicts how self and others might feel in a variety of situations and explains why.	Demonstrates an understa that each person is unique has his/her own thoughts, feelings and preferences.	
1 Self Concept	1.2 Takes responsibility	Responds as caregiver takes care of his/her needs.	Participates in daily routines or familiar activities.	Asserts a desire to start or end an activity. Asks for help.	Initiates an activity and seeks help to complete it.	Independently completes a familiar activity and offers to help others with a similar activity.	Takes care of own needs and personal belongings.	Shows respect for others' personal space and belongings.	Takes care of self or anoth while considering the need the greater group.	
	1.3 Identifies and manages feelings	Calms with support from caretaker.	Shows a range of emotions with facial expressions and gestures. Soothes self.	Experiments and role-plays with a range of emotions.	Recognizes personal feelings. Controls impulses with reminders.	Names some personal feelings and uses strategies to manage behavior.	Identifies and explains personal feelings. Describes appropriate responses.	Anticipates an emotional response that may result from a given situation.	Applies strategies for man own emotions and behavi	
	2.1 Follows rules and routines	Reacts to tone of voice and expression.	Cooperates during familiar routines and redirection.	With prompting, follows rules and routines.	Follows rules and routines. Expresses feelings about fairness.	Explores personal limits. Identifies when others are or are not following familiar rules and routines.	Participates in setting, defining and following rules.	Explains why rules and regulations are important and what might happen if they are not followed.	Follows explicit and implie in various situations with f reminders.	
2 Self Direction	²² Maintains attention	Focuses for a short time when others interact with him/her.	Attends to what others are looking at or pointing to.	Focuses on an engaging activity for a short period of time independently or with an adult.	Practices or repeats an activity many times until successful.	Sustains focus for at least five minutes, persisting even if there are problems or distractions.	Sustains focus for at least ten minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for at least thirty minutes even if there are distractions.	Sustains focus for forty-five even if there are distractio	
	^{2,3} Transitions and adapts	Reacts to changes in routine.	Responds to cues that signal a change in the daily routine.	Anticipates what comes next within a daily routine. Redirects to a new activity with help from caregivers.	routine is not followed and	With support, negotiates ways to handle non-routine transitions.	Transitions from one activity to the next and helps others through the transition.	Describes strategies to adjust and calm one-self in new or stressful situations.	Adapts to new situations a and with minimal stress.	
3 Social	3.1 Builds positive relationships	Connects with caregivers through eye contact and gentle touch.	Greets and stays near familiar people.	Plays side-by-side with a new or familiar person.	Joins a group and participates in group play.	Initiates play, conversations and interactions with one or more persons.	Begins to describe friendships and other meaningful relationships.	Describes qualities of positive relationships and ways to build them.	Describes different types or relationships such as those family, with friends and w teachers.	
Relationship	3.2 Cooperates	Enjoys turn-taking games, such as peek-a-boo.	Mimics actions of others.	Helps or participates in an activity when asked.	Plays cooperatively with others and begins to share. Asks adult to help solve social problems.	Seeks out opportunities to help others. Tries to solve own social problems.	Suggests solutions to group problems or challenges.	Fulfills personal roles and responsibilities when working in a group.	Works collaboratively and within a group.	
	3.3 Cares for and responds to others	Reacts to others' behaviors and expressions.	Mimics facial expressions of others.	Demonstrates concern for someone who is sad or upset.	Explains a reason why someone may be happy or sad.	Tries to comfort and assure familiar children or adults.	Identifies feelings of others and responds accordingly.	Shows empathy.	Encourages others to care include or help another pe	
4 Gross	4.1 Builds strength and balance	Sits independently and pulls self into a standing position.	Walks and climbs.	Runs and balances on a wide beam.	Balances and hops on one foot.	Hops from one foot to the other. Begins to skip.	Skips confidently, gallops and slides side to side.	Leaps. Balances on a variety of objects.	Uses conditioning method strengthen muscles and inc endurance.	
Motor	42 Coordinates large movements	Kicks or grabs from a seated or laying position.	Carries, drags, kicks and tosses objects.	Throws objects in an intended direction. Catches objects against body.	Throws both overhand and underhand. Catches or kicks moving objects.	Coordinates multiple movements in simple sequences.	Changes direction and speed of movement.	Kicks or strikes moving objects with aim and accuracy. Stops at a boundary.	Coordinates multiple comp movements in continuous p	
	5.1 Controls small movements	Reaches for objects in sight.	Manipulates objects with purpose, such as feeding self with a spoon.	Opens, closes, twists and pulls objects.	Snips with scissors. Strings large beads.	Follows a straight line when cutting and drawing. Buttons, zips, buckles and laces.	Follows an outline with scissors. Ties shoes and dresses self.	Threads small beads. Stacks small objects.	Beads, grasps and stacks of all sizes with speed and accuracy.	
5 Fine Motor	5.2 Uses drawing/ writing tools	Picks up small objects with thumb and pointer finger (pincher grasp).	Purposefully grasps and releases objects. Makes random marks with writing tools.	Holds drawing/writing tools with whole hand and may use whole arm to make intentional marks.	Uses fingers to grasp and manipulate drawing/writing tools with increasing control.	Uses a mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Consistently uses mature tripod grip with drawing/writing tools.	Legibly prints letters, numbers, and symbols.	Uses appropriate spacing letters and words. Controls and placement of letters, no or details in drawings.	
	6.1 Makes healthy food and exercise choices	Cries when hungry or tired.	Communicates when hungry, thirsty, or tired.	Anticipates the need to eat, rest and drink.	Identifies food and serves a portion into bowl or plate. Follows a routine of rest and active play.	Identifies food groups and sorts food. Chooses between two appropriate food options or rest options.	Identifies food that is nutritious. Regulates personal needs for nutrition, activity and rest with few reminders.	Explains the importance of nutrition, exercise and rest in maintaining wellness.	Explains how feeling well related to proper nutrition, exercise and rest.	
6 Health and Safety	6.2 Practices good hygiene	Receives appropriate healthcare from caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between dirty and clean. Points to body parts when prompted.	With help, participates in healthy habits and healthcare routines. Names body parts.	Describes the function of basic body parts. Regulates toileting and hand-washing needs. Describes how s/he feels and the location of pain.	simple strategies for preventing the spread.	When feeling sick, describes symptoms. Recognizes the difference between contagious illnesses and noncommunicable diseases or conditions.	Describes the functions of basic organs. Maintains personal hygiene with few reminders.	Describes how to deal wit concerns of self and other	
	6.3 Demonstrates safe practices	Expresses distress when needs are not met.	Responds to possible dangers in environment and avoids them when prompted.	Follows simple safety rules.	Identifies dangerous situations and seeks out help.	Describes reasons for safety rules and reminds others to follow them.	Applies general safety rules to a variety of everyday situations with little prompting.	Identifies emergency situations. Describes how to get help and behave during them.	Takes appropriate initiativ in dangerous and emerge situations.	

viduo	al children devel	pp at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle	r		Preschool			Pre - Primary		Pr	rimary
S	kill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchm	nark C	Benchmark D	Benchm	ark E	Benchmark F	Benc	hmark G	Benchmark H
	7 Listening	7.1 Comprehends spoken language	Turns head toward the person speaking and makes gestures and/or vocalizations in response.	When prompted, identifies familiar people or objects.	Responds to simple and questions.	e statements	Listens to a story or request and then responds appropriately.	Expands on stories information shared		Asks and answers general questions about information or stories shared orally.	Asks or answer about key deta or stories share	s specific questions ils from information d orally.	Listens to gather information. questions to clarify or deeper understanding. Recalls key id shared orally.
	Comprehension	7.2 Follows verbal directions	Responds to conversation in environment and imitates actions.	With prompts and gestures, follows a one-step direction.	Follows related two given verbally.	o-step directions	Follows unrelated two-step directions given verbally.	With prompting, fo directions given ve		Follows multi-step directions given verbally.		d follows previous ons shared verbally.	Responds to verbal statement that have implied directions of requests.
8 C	3 Commun- ication	&1 Communicates ideas	Uses vocal sounds and gestures to communicate.	Uses a few words and word-like sounds to communicate.	Communicates nee ideas using simple		Asks simple questions and stays on topic for two to three exchanges.	Tells stories and en conversations throu exchanges.	gages in igh multiple	Explains thoughts about familiar people, places and events.	Discusses ideas about a wide r appropriate top throughout disc	ange of age- oics. Stays on topic	Uses expression, tone and po to reinforce the meaning of v s/he is communicating. Clari meaning during a discussion
	ication	*2 Speaks in sentences	Duplicates single sounds.	Says one- to two-word sentences.	Says two- to four-w and repeats short p		Speaks in sentences but does not always follow grammatical rules.	Speaks in simple o sentences. Uses qu in speech.		Speaks audibly. Makes nouns plural by adding /s/. Uses common prepositions.	Uses many type including simpl Uses verb tense present and fut	e and compound. to express past,	Uses common irregular plura nouns and conjugated verbs.
9	9 Vocabulary	9.1 Builds vocabulary	Makes noises and gestures to communicate.	Repeats words heard frequently in environment.	Identifies familiar p and objects. Asks person or object a	what a specific	Describes familiar people, places and objects. Seeks additional words for new ways to describe.	Includes new and t in everyday conver what unfamiliar wo	rsations. Asks	Uses new or technical words learned in conversations or through reading. Compares words and their meanings.	are similar. Det	nown words from	Explains the difference betwee closely related words. Uses multiple strategies to determit and learn the meaning of unfamiliar words.
1	10 Phono-	10.1 Hears small units of sound	Babbles and vocalizes using sound, volume and inflection.	lmitates sounds and tones.	Shows awareness words in spoken la		Identifies words that have a similar beginning sound.	Identifies the begin ending sounds of v	ning and vords.	Counts syllables in spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the sound of each syllable.		solates individual n one-syllable	Manipulates, substitutes and deletes sounds in words.
	logical Awareness	10.2 Identifies rhyme and alliteration	Hears rhyming songs and games.	Repeats the last word in familiar rhymes when prompted.	Suggests a missing within a poem or s		Identifies when two words rhyme or don't rhyme.	Suggests a series o words when given	f rhyming a word.	Explains which sound of given word is the rime and which sound is the onset.	Recognizes ble letter patterns of families.		Manipulates syllables in word including prefixes and suffixe
	II Concepts of Print	11.1 Demonstrates print knowledge	Looks or points to pictures and opens/closes books.	Recognizes if pictures are right- side up. Turns pages from front to back of book.	Identifies the front/ bottom of a book. to start reading on	Indicates where	Identifies letters, words, spaces and some punctuation. Follows the direction of text.	Touches a written v page for each spol (but not necessarily word). Tracks print of one line to the b the next line.	ken word the correct from the end	Recognizes common types of text (poem, storybook, fact book). Names author and illustrator. Identifies punctuation.	Explains the dil books that tell s that give inform	ference between stories and those nation.	Describes the overall structure a story, including the introduc problem and conclusion.
900911	12 Letter/Word	12.1 Identifies letters and words	Looks for familiar people and objects when given their names.	Identifies a familiar object or person when shown a drawing or photo.	Recognizes the diff between pictures, I numbers in print.	ference letters and	Recognizes some common words in print; such as their his/her name, mom, dad or stop.	Names all upper a case letters when p random order. Wh two to three letter v it in print.	resented in en shown a	Reads high frequency sight words.	Reads and dec words with infle (e.g. ed, ing, s	ectional endings	Decodes words with common prefixes and suffixes. Uses co or rereads to determine the meaning of unknown words.
	Recognition	12.2 Makes letter-sound connections	Babbles or repeats sounds.	Points at words printed on a page and pretends to read aloud.	Recognizes the sou letter in his/her na	und of the first ime.	Identifies six to seven letters and their sounds.	and meir sounds. Recognizes that sounds. begins to sound out to		Identifies all letters and their sounds. Begins to sound out the letters in two- to four-letter words.		er patterns, word and short vowel word chunks, alends.	Applies phonics strategies ar word analysis skills to decod unfamiliar words.
1	13 Reading	13.1 Responds to text	Interacts by reaching or patting when a book is read.	Points to pictures and repeats words from familiar stories.	Talks about pictures and ideas in familiar stories.		Anticipates what come next in familiar stories. Expresses likes or dislikes within the story.	Relates to the chare events of the story similar experience own life.	and shares a	With support, compares similarities between two texts.			Evaluates texts based on content, personal experience and knowledge of the world. Compares the main points of two texts.
	Compre- hension	13.2 Retells, asks and answers questions	Holds book and looks intently at each page.	Answers "Where is?" questions by pointing.	Answers "What? about stories and b the name of the mo	books. Recalls	Participates with others in the retelling of a story by pointing at pictures or role- playing with props.	Retells portions of a story. As the story is read, asks and answers simple questions about characters, setting and events.		With prompting, answers questions about characters and setting. Retells major events of a story in sequence.	Retells stories a key details. Asl questions abou characters and who is speakin throughout the	ts and answers t setting, events. Explains a at various points	Summarizes texts and their messages. Describes the poir of view of various characters and how they each respond challenges or events in the sh
1	14 Emergent	14.1 Writes name, words and sentences	Grips a writing utensil and uses it with help.	Makes continuous marks with writing tools.	Writes letter-like for his/her own symbo		Attempts to print or copy familiar symbols and letters, especially those that are in own name.	Prints first name. Copies print. Uses inventive spelling.		Prints first and last name. Prints upper and lower case letters appropriately.	Prints first and I proper capitali simple sentence traditional spel	zation. Writes es. Begins to use	Writes simple and compound sentences. Uses commas. Chand corrects spelling.
	Writing	142 Expresses through writing	Explores writing materials.	Makes marks or handprints on paper.	Scribbles or draws a representation of or person.		Draws lines, circles or shapes and explains who or what they represent.	Uses a combination of drawi dictating and writing to expr and record an event or idea.		Uses inventive spelling to write words that are connected to a given topic or opinion. Draws pictures to support writing.	Writes a string sentences to tel share informati concluding stat	l a story or on. Provides a	Writes ideas or groups inform in logical order. Uses descrip words in writing.
600	Skill	Goal	Pre-production Observes interactions in	Early Product When prompted, uses gestures	,		Speech Emergence			Intermediate Fluency			unced Fluency
6	34 Approach Second Language	larger language	target language, but may not participate.	in target language to participat interactions.	e in group	Uses target language to actively participate, working around any language barriers.		g around In	Initiates interactions in target language, displaying adequate conversational proficiency with minimal language barriers.		equale	Uses target language confidently and comfortably to participate. Begins to display written and academic proficiency for developmental level.	
guαge	Acquisitio	n ^{34.2} Demonstrates in with target lang		Asks for repetition of target land clarify understanding.	guage to	Seeks explanati language.	ions for unknown words and phrases	in target A	sks questions in nd complex inte	target language to clarify meanings ractions.	of idioms	Uses context clues misunderstandings.	and resources to clarify any
ond Lang	35 Compre- hension of Second Language	25.1 Demonstrates comprehension of target langua	Responds to cues, such as gestures and visualizations.	Responds to simple words and target language, especially in a with other cues.	phrases in combination	Responds to sim target language	nple stories and short discussions in a.		esponds to storie rget language.	sponds to stories, jokes and lengthy discussions in get language.		Demonstrates near-native comprehension of target language in all contexts.	
Sec	36 Commun- ication in Second Language	^{36.1} Uses target land to communicate		Uses words and memorized ph language to communicate.	rases in target	Formulates senti in target langua	ences by combining familiar words a age. May make frequent errors.	nd phrases U: w	ses increasingly ith minimal grar	complex linguistic structures in targe nmatical errors.	t language	Uses target langua	ge effectively in all contexts.

		lop at a unique pace.	Infant	Toddle		Preschool		Pre - Primary	P	Primary	
	Skill	Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H	
23		15.1 Identifies numerals	Hears numbers in everyday context.	Recognizes the numeral one and sees other numerals around the room.	Recognizes numerals to three.	Identifies numerals to five.	Identifies numerals to ten.	Identifies and writes numerals to twenty.	Identifies numerals to one hundred and understands place value to the hundreds place.	Compares and orders numer one thousand, understands p value and identifies if a numb even or odd.	
	15 Number Concepts	152 Counts to determine quantity	Hears rote counting.	Verbally counts (not always in correct order).	Points to one object at a time while counting (not always in correct order).	Counts up to ten objects.	Counts up to twenty objects.	Counts to one hundred by ones and tens. Counts forward from a given number.	Counts in sequence to 120 from a given number. Uses manipulatives to group and count units.	hundreds to one thousand. A and subtracts within twenty.	
		^{15.3} Understands operations	Looks for an object that is taken out of sight.	Demonstrates an understanding of one, two and more.	Creates groups of objects. Adds and removes to group as prompted.	Creates and counts groups of up to five objects. Removes objects from the group as prompted and recounts.	Solves addition and subtraction problems within ten.	Decomposes numbers less than or equal to ten into pairs in more than one way (e.g., 7=3+4, 7=5+2).	Demonstrates an understanding of the meaning of the equal sign and determines if a given addition or subtraction equation is true or false.	Solves for the unknown in one- and two-step addition or subtraction word problems. Explains problem-solving strategies.	
		16.1 Identifies shapes	Manipulates objects that are a variety of shapes.	Matches two identical shapes.	Identifies a few basic shapes.	Identifies four to six basic geometric shapes.	Describes basic and complex two- and three-dimensional shapes using own words.	Describes objects in the environment as two- and three- dimensional shapes.	Describes and draws defining features of shapes.	Identifies and draws complex shapes.	
Keasoning	16 Shapes	16.2 Manipulates parts and wholes	Tries to put one object inside of another.	Fills container and then dumps out the contents.	Puts together two to three pieces to create a whole object.	Uses a guide to put together six to twelve pieces to make a whole object.	Creates a whole object from many pieces without using a guide.	Creates complex shapes by putting together other shapes. Takes apart complex shapes into simpler shape pieces.	Builds and analyzes complex shapes constructed from simpler shapes. Separates circles and rectangles into two and four equal parts.	Separates a shape into halve thirds and fourths.	
ana ke	17 Spatial	17.1 Flips and rotates objects	Plays with objects and toys that are a variety of shapes.	Purposely turns or spins objects.	Recognizes familiar objects that are up-side down and turns them right-sight up.	Matches two similar objects that are turned or positioned in different ways.	Identifies and corrects the orientation of familiar objects and symbols.	Identifies two- and three- dimensional shapes and symbols regardless of orientation.	Matches two-dimensional shapes to corresponding three- dimensional shapes. Recognizes symmetry.	Determines when shapes had been slid, turned or flipped of describes the translation.	
္	Awareness	17.2 Determines object location	Participates as caregiver raises arms or legs and says up/down.	Follows simple positional directions such as on/off, over/ under and up/down.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind self.	When prompted, finds or places objects next to, between, in front of or behind objects not related to self.	Explains the location of an object in relation to another object or person.	Makes simple maps or models to represent the location of objects.	Gives and follows positional instructions to find objects or places.	Uses representations, coordi systems and maps to identify locations of objects or place	
arnemar	18 Patterns	18.1 Identifies and creates patterns	Plays predictable activities with caregivers such as patty-cake and peek-a-boo.	Attempts to mimic vocal and physical patterns.	Copies patterns with two steps, such as red-blue, red-blue.	Creates and extends two-step patterns.	Creates and extends three- and four-step patterns and plays complex memory games.	Determines the missing piece of a pattern within a set sequence. Recognizes simple patterns in the environment.	Creates or extends increasing or decreasing patterns.	Develops and explains his/h own formula for creating a v of patterns.	
Ĕ	and Sorting	18.2 Matches, sorts and charts	Recognizes familiar people and objects.	When shown one object, finds the match.	Sort objects by one feature, such as size or color.	After sorting objects by one feature, sorts again by a different feature.	Sorts objects by more than one feature and explains why.	Identifies, sorts and classifies objects by at least two features.	Answers questions about data or objects sorted in up to three categories.	Uses graphs and charts to represent data sorted in up categories.	
	19 Measure-	19.1 Estimates and measures	Recognizes when to use whole hand or just two fingers to pick up an object.	Explores size and weight of objects in relation to self.	Determines which object is bigger (heavier, longer) when given two objects.	Uses non-standard measurement tools to estimate approximate size or volume. Verifies estimation with help.	Estimates (not always logically) size and volume. Measures and describes findings.	Makes logical estimates and uses measurement tools to check estimation.	Explains which measurement tool makes best sense for the object being measured. Tells time in hours and half-hours.	Tells time. Estimates length in inches, feet, centimeters or r Measures an object using a variety of measurement stan	
	ment	19.2 Compares and seriates	Picks up and puts down objects. Demonstrates an understanding of more.	Places objects in a line. Demonstrates an understanding of more, none and one.	Compares and orders two to three objects according to size, length, hue or weight.	Orders multiple objects by one feature using process of elimination. Describes order using first, then and last.	Arranges and orders multiple objects by size, length, hue or weight. Recalls a sequence of events.	Orders multiple objects by two or more features. Orders events in time.	Compares the length of two objects by using a third object (the length unit). Orders three objects by length.	Compares and explains how much longer one object is th another using standard units measurement.	
	20 Logic	20.1 Solves problems	Reacts to a problem and seeks a desired outcome.	Experiments with cause and effect.	Recognizes a problem and asks for help.	Tries out many possible solutions to a problem.	Uses previous knowledge to determine which solution to try first when solving a problem.	Mentally eliminates possible solutions to a problem by thinking through their potential results.	Explains the sequence of his/her problem-solving strategy.	Solves hypothetical problems connecting personal experie to possible solutions.	
9		21.1 Identifies community and family roles	Responds to primary caregivers.	Recognizes the difference between a familiar and unfamiliar person.	Identifies familiar people and pets.	Describes family members and their relationship to self. Identifies and role-plays familiar community helpers.	Identifies roles of self and others and describes the job each may do.	Compares roles, rules and responsibilities between different groups.	Describes how roles and responsibilities or families and groups change over time.	Identifies features in rural, un and suburban communities of how these features impact re and responsibilities.	
	21 Families and Comm- unities	21.2 Explores cultures and traditions	ls exposed to family traditions or cultural events.	With help, participates in family traditions and customs.	Recognizes familiar symbols or artifacts of family traditions or customs.	Describes the routines, familiar stories, traditions, foods and celebrations of own family and community.	Explains the meaning and importance of their own traditions and customs. Begins to learn about other cultures.	Explains the meaning and importance of traditions and customs of other people.	Compares diverse cultures and traditions.	Names influential people ar events that have impacted fo cultures and traditions.	
<u>.</u>		^{21,3} Respects diversity	Sees diverse features of people in books, toys and media.	Explores people and their features side by side in a book or a mirror.	ldentifies physical similarities and differences between self and others.	Interacts with peers who look, learn, believe or move differently.	Asks questions about how others live, eat, play and believe.	Explains how individuals, families and cultures differ.	Demonstrates an understanding that some people have different needs or beliefs than self and seeks to support them accordingly.	Demonstrates respect for per who look differently and hav differing abilities or tradition	
Social Studies	22 Civics and	^{22.1} Understands citizenship	Attends to others in immediate environment.	Participates in communal activities.	Recognizes and attends to authority figures.	Follows familiar rules and helps make group decisions.	Applies familiar rules and suggests new rules in a variety of situations.	Discusses the purposes of rules, laws and civic leaders. Participates in voting to make decisions.	Identifies individual rights. Determines if rules support the common good.	Describes different levels of government (local, state, national). Makes democratic decisions.	
	Economics	222 Understands concepts of trade	Grasps and releases objects.	Expresses a desire for an object or action. Says me, mine.	Recognizes ownership of familiar objects.	Asks before taking an object that does not belong to self. Offers a toy or object to another person.	Explores the use of trade to receive objects or services.	Exchanges money, goods or services for other goods or services.	Describes ways one might use money, goods or services.	Explains how and why peop work together in trade to ge they need and want.	
	23 Geography	^{23.1} Identifies types of places	Responds to changes in the immediate environment.	Recognizes familiar places.	Identifies a variety of familiar places, such as the store, car, home or Grandma's.	Identifies different types of water bodies, streets, buildings and landmarks in own community.	Explains the purpose for different types of structures, such as bridges and buildings. Asks questions about landmarks.	Compares the geographic features of own community to another community.	Identifies and describes various types of landforms and natural resources.	Explains how the physical features and characteristics of an environment affect how people live.	
	25 acography	23.2 Uses maps	Navigates within a familiar environment.	Finds ways to move around obstacles in a familiar environment.	Follows a path.	Recognizes symbols and landmarks.	Identifies what is represented on a map. Draws pictures of current location.	Recreates a map of something s/he cannot immediately see.	Locates familiar places on maps. Uses cardinal directions to follow and give directions.	Uses a variety of maps to gather information.	
	24 History	^{24.1} Describes past events	Focuses on interactions with others for a short time.	Observes events and begins to participate.	Describes events as they happen. Uses words such as first, then.	Recalls information and events from the past.	Uses language of time to describe familiar sequences of events.	Retells historical, fictional or past events or stories.	Compares and contrasts current and historical conditions of familiar environments	Describes relationships betw past events and current conc Explains why it is important understand historical events.	

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Skill		Goal	Benchmark A	Benchmark B	Benchmark C	Benchmark D	Benchmark E	Benchmark F	Benchmark G	Benchmark H	
		^{25,1} Inquires and predicts	Looks for a person or toy that has moved out of sight.	Asks one- to two-word questions.	Identifies personal interests and seeks more information.	When given a question, guesses a possible answer or outcome.	Asks questions or shows curiosity about scientific phenomenon. Predicts a few outcomes.	Predicts multiple outcomes to a question or situation and explains personal reasoning.	Inquires about a scientific phenomenon and explains which prediction seems most probable.	Asks relevant questions and makes logical hypotheses al scientific phenomena based prior knowledge.	
25 Scient Reaso		25.2 Observes and experiments	Explores cause and effect.	Uses senses to explore environment.	Investigates an object or group of objects in multiple ways.	Observes and describes actions or changes that occur to familiar objects and people.	Explores scientific phenomenon and records observations by drawing.	Gathers information or experiments to prove/disprove a hypothesis.	Experiments or gathers information. Records findings in tables, charts or diagrams.	Conducts an experiment mu times. Records observations makes personal notes.	
		^{25,3} Evaluates and infers	Reacts to changes.	Recognizes objects, actions, sounds or people associated with a common use or routine.	Shares discoveries with others.	Uses past knowledge to explain observed changes.	Describes and compares observations of scientific phenomenon.	Uses information and observations to verify a prediction.	Uses prior knowledge and gathered information to make simple inferences.	Evaluates gathered informa explain a scientific phenom	
26 Life So		^{26,1} Identifies basic needs	Responds when physical needs are not met.	Participates in taking care of some personal needs, such as feeding self.	Describes basic personal needs.	Meets most personal needs independently. Demonstrates an understanding that all people have needs.	Recognizes that all living things have similar basic needs. Distinguishes between needs and wants.	Describes how living things attain what they need to survive.	Describes how an organism's features and surroundings help it survive.	Describes threats and challe that living things must overce to survive.	
20 Lije 30		^{26.2} Classifies organisms	Recognizes self as being separate from others.	ldentifies and names familiar people, characters and animals.	Groups living things by common characteristics.	Identifies if an object can grow, eat or move.	Sorts organisms as living or non- living and explains why.	Describes the features of living things and groups them by similar features.	Explains the purpose of specific features for various groups of organisms.	Explains the relationships b a variety of species and ho they fit within a larger grou animals or plants.	
27 Physic	ical	^{27.1} Identifies properties of matter	Uses senses to explore objects in immediate environment.	Reacts to changes in texture, smell, sound or sight.	With support, sorts objects by physical characteristics.	Describes basic physical properties of objects and materials in immediate environment.	Manipulates matter and observes any physical changes that may occur.	Classifies and sorts materials by a variety of physical properties.	Identifies materials that are solid, liquid and gaseous. Identifies matter in its various states.	Describes characteristics of liquids and gases. Explains matter changes states.	
Science		^{27.2} Explores forces and motions	Kicks feet or shakes arms to make other objects move.	Uses body to push or pull toys.	Explores motion by moving, rolling, blowing on or dropping a toy.	Explains how common vehicles, animals and people move. Sorts objects by type of movement.	Experiments with and explains invisible forces (ramps, magnets, etc.).	Experiments and compares the movement of various objects on a variety of surfaces.	Recognizes that gravity makes unsupported objects fall. Identifies objects that are attracted to magnets.	Recognizes that materials move differently on differen surfaces. Explains how forcused to change the directio moving objects.	
28 Earth	1	^{28.1} Identifies weather and climates	Reacts to weather changes in immediate environment.	Understands hot and cold. Points at clouds and explores the feel of rain and wind.	Notices changes in temperature or weather in the immediate environment.	Identifies the climate and weather in the immediate environment.	Explains how weather and climate changes may affect personal life. Identifies the current season.	Explains that different places have different kinds of weather and climates.	Explains the basic properties of the Sun, Moon and Earth. Describes the role of the sun on weather and day/night patterns.	Describes how the Sun and movements of the Earth affe climate.	
Science		28.2 Explores ecosystems	Explores immediate environment using senses.	Plays with rocks, sand, dirt or water. Reacts to animals or insects in immediate environment.	Identifies familiar animals, plants or rocks in immediate environment.	Describes what familiar animals eat and where they live.	Describes a habitat and its characteristics.	Describes how living things interact within a particular environment. Describes personal role in taking care of the environment.	Explains why organisms within a familiar ecosystem are interdependent. Explains how people benefit from or endanger their surrounding ecosystem.	Explores a variety of ecosys and identifies their organist and characteristics. Defines strategies for preserving a v of ecosystems.	
29 Techn	nology	^{29,1} Explores technology	Explores simple tools such as toys and spoons.	Begins to use simple tools purposefully, such as using a spoon to feed self.	Explores movable parts on toys and tools. Uses on and off switches.	Explores simple machines and interacts with simple electronic and screen toys.	Experiments with simple technology to solve problems or accomplish tasks.	Uses familiar tools and technology to produce a desired result or solve a specific problem.	Experiments with familiar and unfamiliar tools and technology to achieve a variety of results.	Identifies which tools can be help save time, solve a prolo or increase enjoyment.	
		30.1 Develops rhythm and tone	Responds to sounds.	Responds to changes in sound, rhythm, volume or melody.	Claps to beat (not always consistently). Recognizes the difference between a singing and speaking voice.	Claps along to simple rhythm patterns. Controls voice to mimic the melodic direction.	Repeats simple rhythm patterns. Hears the change of musical phrases in a song. Sings along to familiar songs.	Creates simple rhythm patterns. Controls pitch when singing a familiar song.	Maintains a steady beat. Recognizes strong/weak beats. Begins to read rhythm notation. Matches vocal pitch in limited	Maintains rhythm in various groupings, Participates in c response and two part rour	
30 Music		^{30.2} Expresses through music	Makes sounds to communicate feelings.	Repeats words in familiar songs and attempts to sing.	Expresses likes and dislikes of familiar songs. Explores sounds by shaking, pounding and tapping various instruments and objects.	Uses voice, common objects or instruments to create music. Identifies self as a musician.	Uses voice or instruments to express feelings or to mimic sound effects.	Communicates ideas by creating rhythm and/or melody.	Interprets and compares many types of music.	Experiments and performs s written music or rhythmic po	
31 Dance		31.1 Develops dance and movement techniques	Moves body in a variety of ways.	Moves body purposely. Sways or bounces to music.	Follows the movements of others. Explores personal space and direction.	Describes and demonstrates multiple ways to move body parts. Moves to the beat of a song.	Follows a leader to perform a simple movement pattern.	Recalls a simple movement pattern and performs it individually or in a group.	Recalls and dances a sequence of 2-3 movement patterns. Identifies the beginning, middle and end of a dance.	Creates simple movement sequences.	
Move	ment	21.2 Expresses through dance and movement	Uses body language to express feelings.	Uses purposeful gestures and body language to communicate.	Moves in own way to music and rhythm.	Demonstrates different levels of energy in dance (gentle movements or big, exaggerated movements).	Demonstrates the difference between spontaneous and planned movement. Creates movements based on own ideas.	Expresses ideas, feelings and stories through creative movement.	Coordinates movements of self and others to create a cohesive dance or idea.	Describes how dances and movements express certain ideas or feelings.	
32 Visual		^{32.1} Develops artistic techniques	Explores materials using gross motor movements and senses.	Uses hands and feet to explore a variety of media.	Explores a variety of artistic tools and media.	Chooses an object or art tool to use with a given medium for a desired effect.	Uses artistic tools and media to create intentional designs or images.	Demonstrates a variety of techniques using a given tool or medium.	Uses various tools and techniques to achieve desired artistic results.	Compares artistic technique creations of many artists.	
	-	³²² Expresses through visual arts	Expresses emotions while exploring materials.	Scribbles, colors or paints intentionally on paper.	Uses materials to create shapes and symbols.	Makes choices throughout the artistic process.	Plans and seeks out materials to make a creation.	Creates arts to represent an idea or object. Explains how it was made.	Creates art to express ideas, thoughts and feelings.	Creates art and explains w how s/he chose specific mo and techniques.	
33 Dram		33.1 Participates in dramatic play	Imitates simple movements and facial expressions.	Mimics observed behaviors and words.	Uses words, actions and props to pretend.	Plays a role in group dramatic play.	Assigns roles and plays out unscripted scenes in dramatic play.	With cues, performs a simple pre- planned drama.	Describes how a character may feel in a given situation, then integrates that emotion into performance.	Rehearses, memorizes and performs a short play.	
oo brain		33.2 Uses and creates props	Responds to props or puppets.	Mimics the use of familiar objects.	Uses realistic toys as replacements for real objects. Distinguishes between real and pretend.	Uses any object as a replacement for a realistic prop or real object.	Uses a combination of real and imaginary props or characters to play out a scene.	Creates a setting, characters and events to tell a story.	Plans a story and seeks out props to enhance a role or highlight details.	Plans a story and creates costumes, settings or props create a mood or environm	

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